The Daily Sentinel.

VOL. III. RALEIGH, N. C., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1868. NO. 166.

DAILY SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, Proprietor.

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

Comptroller of Public Accounts

OF THE STATE OF

NORTH CAROLINA,

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING SEPT. 30, 1867

STATEMENT

Showing the gross tax for the year 1866, derived from the several subjects of taxation in the counties of the State, the returns of which are on file in this Department, including the counties of Iredell and Robeson, the taxes of which were settled prior to October 1st, 1866. The Sheriffs of the counties of Halifax and Orange failed to make settlement within the fiscal year, ending September 30th, 1867.

No. 75—WILKES COUNTY.
W. G. Hix, Sheriff.
STATE TAXES.

Land	$ 1,634 85
Town Property	25 21
White Polls	1,005
Colored Polls	116
Money due or on hand	101 19
Bank Dividends	7
Watches	13 38
Harps and Pianos	11
Pleasure Carriages	19 40
Spirituous Liquors bought from Residents	90 30
Merchandize	53 29
Studs and Jacks	4
Dirks, Bowie-Knives, Pistols &c	39
Liquor Distillers	140 25
Non-resident Dentists and Daguerreotypists	10
Marriage Licenses	9 50
Gross amount	$ 2,729 33

COUNTY TAXES

All County purposes	$ 4,118 01

No. 76—WILSON COUNTY.
J. W. Davis, Sheriff.
STATE TAXES.

Land	$ 1,155 20
Town Property	186 13
White Polls	6 5
Colored Polls	504
Money due or on hand	68 67
Watches	67 30
Harps and Pianos	29
Pleasure Carriages	38 45
Salaries and Fees	5
Income	11
Spirituous Liquors bought from Non-Residents	152 70
Spirituous Liquors bought from Residents	106 12
Merchandize	574 34
Ready-made Clothing	73 96
Hotels, &c.	5
Patent Medicines	14 78
Playing Cards	6
Studs and Jacks	108
Dirks, Bowie-Knives Pistols, &c	56
Concerts and Musical Entertainments	10
Insurance Companies	36 78
Billiard Tables	140
Retailers of Spirituous Liquors	240
Liquor Distillers	134 80
Non-resident Dentists and Daguerreotypists	10
Non-Resident Horse and Mule Drovers	8
Marriage Licenses	28
Gross Amount	$ 4,410 89

COUNTY TAXES.

All County purposes	$ 3,165 57

No. 77—YADKIN COUNTY.
E. C. Robbins, Sheriff.
STATE TAXES.

Land	$ 926 18
Town Property	39 92
White Polls	872
Colored Polls	140
Money due or on hand	109 93
Watches	25 50
Harps and Pianos	12 00
Pleasure Carriages	36 65
Salaries and Fees	6
Income	75
Spirituous Liquors bought from non-Residents	14 25
Spirituous Liquors bought from Residents	7 50
Toll Gates, Ferries, and Bridges	21 25
Merchandize	60
Studs and Jacks	78
Dirks, Bowie-Knives, Pistols, &c	76
Retailers of Spirituous Liquors	160
Liquor Distillers	112 50
Non-resident Dentists and Daguerreotypists	30
Pedlars	40
Marriage Licenses	62
Mortgages, Deeds in Trust, &c	12
Deeds for Conveyance of Real Estate	6
Gross amount	$ 2,851 63

COUNTY TAXES.

County purposes	$ 1,224 06

No. 78—YANCEY COUNTY.
W. E. Pierce, Sheriff.
STATE TAXES.

Land	$ 341 48
Town Property	12 27
White Polls	394
Colored Polls	28
Money due or on hand	15 30
Watches	5 45
Pleasure Carriages	1 25
Spirituous Liquors bought from residents	80
Merchandize	26 28
Ready-made Clothing	2 57
Studs and Jacks	50
Dirks, Bowie-Knives, Pistols, &c	62
Marriage Licenses	19
Deeds for Conveyance of Real Estate	50
Gross amount	$ 968 85

COUNTY TAXES.

All County purposes	$1,551 68

(To be continued.)

MISCELLANEOUS.

Proceedings and Debates

OF THE CONVENTION OF NORTH CAROlina, called to amend the Constitution of the State, which assembled at Raleigh, June 4th, 1835. We have a few copies of these books, which we will sell at $2 each.

Feb 15-161-tf BRANSON & JONES.

For Sale.

A HANDSOME RESIDENCE, WITH SEVEN acres of land attached,—good dwelling and necessary out houses, and the best water in the vicinity of the city.

Feb 15-161-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

N. C. Walnuts.

25 BUSHELS from Western N. C. of superior flavor.

Feb 15-161-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

Western N. C. Apples.

10 BBLS., very fine, just received.

Feb 15-161-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

Peas! Peas!

100 BUSHELS, sound clean Peas

Feb 15-161-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

WALTER CLARK,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

HALIFAX, N. C.

Practices in the Courts of Halifax and adjoining Counties. Also in the Federal Courts and Courts of Bankruptcy.

Jan 29-148-6m

NEW YORK ADVERTISEMENTS

GARRETT, YOUNG, SCOTT & CO.
No. 33 Warren and 29 Murray Sts.,
NEW YORK,
SUCCESSORS TO
ARCHIBALD YOUNG, GARRETT & Co.
OF NEW YORK,
AND
SPENCER SCOTT & CO.,
OF NEWARK, N. J.

Extensive Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING.

C. W. GARRETT, A. S SHAFER,
EBEN YOUNG, A. L. SCOTT,
SPENCER SCOTT, F. M. GARRETT.
May 15-1867

DANCY, HYMAN & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

NO. 24 EXCHANGE PLACE,

New York.

Sept. 28—45- tf.

BENJAMIN ROBINSON,

[LATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.]

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

37 Nassau Street,

NEW YORK.

Associated with ROGER A. PRYOR, Esq., formerly of Virginia, will attend, thoroughly and promptly, to all business committed to his management.

Aug. 24, 1867—15-1y

EDUCATIONAL.

Davenport Female College.

Lenoir, North Carolina.

RE-ORGANIZED, RE-FITTED, AND RE-FURNISHED.

IF YOU WISH TO EDUCATE YOUR DAUGHters at an excellent school, conducted by competent Teachers, in a healthy quiet place, amid sublime mountain scenery, and at astonishingly low rates, send them, on or before the 3rd of February, 1868, to the above Institution. It bids fair to enjoy a career of unprecedented success and usefulness.

Board and Tuition for twenty weeks, $77,00.
Apply for a Circular to
REV. SAMUEL LANDER, A. M.,
Dec. 20—114-4tawstmarl President.

Kittrell's Springs Female College.

GRANVILLE COUNTY, N. C.

THE NEXT SESSION of this Institution will open the second Wednesday in February, 1868. The location is unsurpassed for health and accessibility.

During the past session, in a locality of nearly two hundred, there has scarcely been a case of sickness. The health of many invalid young ladies has been thoroughly restored by the celebrated mineral water found here and they have procured their studies with entire success.

We are immediately on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, within less than a half mile of Kittrell's Depot, and in telegraphic communication with all parts of the country.

Every facility is afforded for the most thorough and extensive education.

The Faculty is composed of five male Professors and seven lady Teachers.

Everything is new. Our musical instruments, including Piano Organ, Harp and Guitar, are of the finest quality.

Special attention paid to thoroughness in the English Course.

Terms MODERATE and ACCOMMODATING.

The young ladies all worship in the College Chapel, and hence no extra clothing is required. Millinery is in no demand at Kittrell's. Parents tell us that their daughters cost them less here, in this respect, than even at home. Taking into consideration the items of dress and medical attendance, there is no cheaper school in the south. Besides, we are determined to accommodate our patrons as far as we can, as to time of payment, and to put female education within the reach of the people in the present depressed condition of the country. OUR DAUGHTERS MUST BE EDUCATED.

For Catalogue, apply to
REV. C. B. RIDDICK, President,
Dec. 14—110-3m Kittrell's Springs, N. C

MIDWAY SCHOOL.

CHARLOTTESVILLE, VA.

The Third Session of this School will begin on the First Wednesday of September next, and end on the last Wednesday of June 1868, consisting of two terms of five months each.

The Course of study is designed to prepare boys for the University of Virginia, or any other College, or for the practical business of life.

TERMS: For Board and Tuition, $150 per term, *Payable in Advance.* Music and Drawing at Professor's charges. Washing, Fuel and Lights at actual cost. Each Pupil furnishes his own towels.

For Circulars and other particulars address,
WILSON C. N. CARR, Charlottesville, Va.
JOSEPH PACKARD, Jr., Theo. Seminary, Fairfax Co., Va., Principals.

REFERENCES: The Faculty of the University of Va.

July 17-29-tf

NORTH CAROLINA

Military and Polytechnic Academy.

THE NINTH ANNUAL SESSION OF THIS Institution will commence on Wednesday, February 5th, 1868.

Besides the regular course of Science and Languages, and the Commercial Course it offers to the public the advantages of a special course of Civil Engineering of the most complete description. Circulars can be obtained from

GEN'L. R. E. COLSTON, Sup't,
Hillsboro' N. C.

Application for admission should be made early.

Dec. 20—114-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

TO THE PUBLIC.

I AM PREPARED TO ACCOMMODATE FIFteen or twenty members of the Convention. Also transient persons. My terms are moderate.

Jan. 18-132-tf. GEORGE T. COOKE.

FOR RENT.

TWO FURNISHED ROOMS. TERMS MODErate.

Apply to
MRS. A. M. GORMAN.
Feb 7-154-tf

Choice Maryland Hams!

SOMETHING NICE—to-day receiving by

Jan 28-146-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

SUGARS!!!

A FULL LINE IN STORE AND FOR SALE by

Jan 23—140-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

House and Lot in Greensboro.

A COMFORTABLE COTTAGE HOUSE WITH four rooms. A good Kitchen, Smoke-house, and office, a good stable, a well and good Garden. For rent, for the present year. Location desirable.

Apply to
Feb 17-163-3w3t* C. G. YATES.

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS

THOMAS SMITH,

NO. 25 SYCAMORE STREET,

PETERSBURG, Va.

THE LARGEST STOCK OF

DRY GOODS

IN THE STATE OF VIRGINIA.

IN PRESENTING MY KIND PATRONS WITH a memorandum of stock for Fall Trade, I also take occasion to thank them for their liberal patronage, soliciting at the same time the future favors. Thus assuring them that no effort will be spared to make it to their interest as well as pleasure to make their purchases of me. The following memorandum, though incomplete, will give a sufficient idea of the general stock:

Ladies' Dress Goods.

Black and colored Silks, in great variety, Irish Poplins, Belgian and French Poplins, French Merino, Barathea, Poplin Reps, Crapes, Empress Cloth, Ugenia Biarritz, Velentines Delaines, Mousselines, single and double width, in all the new shades, Bismarcks, &c., Shepherd and Scotch Plaids.

Embroideries and Laces.

Hanburg Edgings, Hanburg Insertings, Hamburg Flouncing, Needlework Edging, Needlework Inserting, Needlework Flouncings, Nainsook Edgings, Nainsook Insertings, Swiss and Cambric Collars, Swiss and Cambric Collars and Cuffs, Linen Collars and Cuffs, Crape Collars and Cuffs, Bugle Collars and Cuffs, Real Point Collars and Cuffs, Real Point Sets, Real Valentia Collars and Cuffs, Imitation Collars and Cuffs, Cluney Collars and Cuffs, Real Val. Laces, Real Thread Laces, Real Cluney Laces, Real Guiper and Honiton Lace, Real Brussels Lace, Real Bobbin Lace, Point Lace Handkerchiefs, Valentia Lace Handkerchiefs, Imitation Lace Handkerchiefs,

Sundries.

Cloaks, Shawls, in long and square, for Misses and Ladies, Hoop Skirts, Balmorals, Bugle and Ribbon Trimmings in large assortment; Jet, Silk and Fancy Buttons, Taffeta Ribbons, Narrow Watered Ribbon, for Trimming, Belt Ribbons, Worsted and Alpaca Braids, Mohair Braids, Galoons and Stay Bindings, Corset Splints, Zigzag Braid, Star Braids, Magic Buffing, Plain and Fancy Hair Nets, &c., China and Agate Buttons, Full lines of Black and Colored Velvet Ribbons.

Mourning Department.

Gro. Grain and Rept Silks French Merino, Bombazine, Tissues, Canton Cloth, Bearetz, Crapes, Barathea, Poplins, Empress Cloth, Ugenias, Velentines, Persian Cloths, Mousselines, Challies, Alpaces and Mohair, all of the very best, Loupin's celebrated manufacture.

White Goods.

Plain, Plaid and Striped Cambric, Plain, Plaid and Striped Jaconet, Plain, Plaid and Striped Nainsook, Plain, Plaid and Striped Muff Muslin, Plain, Plaid and Striped Swiss Muslin, Plain, Plaid and Striped Bishop's Lawn, Soft finish Jaconets, Soft finish Cambric, Soft finish Long Cloths, PeKay Marseilles, &c., Tarletons, white and colored, Organdies, Dotted and Figured Swiss Brilliants, Patent shirting.

Ladies' Furnishing Goods.

Undervests, Drawers, Corsets, Lasle Thread Hose, Real English Hose, German Hosiery in great variety, for Misses, Children and Ladies; Ladies' Brown Hose, Ladies' Black and Slate Hose, Kid Gloves in large assortment, white, black and colored, Berlin and Lasle Thread Gloves, in all sizes, Garters, Elastics, Hair, Tooth and Nail Brushes, Real Shell, Horn and Gutta Percha Combs, Veils in Real Lace, Dotted, Bordered and Bugle-Trimmed Parasols, Fans, &c.

Domestics.

Bleached and Brown Cotton Sheetings and Shirtings, Bleached and Brown Jeans, Bleached and Brown Canton Flannel, Plaid, Striped and Plain Osnaburgs, Tickings, Denims, Hickney, Huckery, Dongrey, Calico in all the popular makes; Ginghams in every variety.

Housekeeping Department.

Flannels, plain and fancy, Blankets, Carpets, Tapestry, Three-Ply, Superfine, Ingrain, in all wool and cotton chain, Venetian, Hemp and Cottage Carpets, Druggets, Rugs and Door Mats, Floor Oil Cloth, Lace, Muslin, Brocatelle and Damask Curtains, Piano and Table Covers, Table Damask, Stair and Table Oil Cloths, Napkins, Doilies, Towels, Huckaback, Crash and Glass Linens, Linen and Cotton Sheetings, in all widths, Pillow Linens, Marseilles Counterpanes, Jacquard and Cotton Diapers, Linen Diapers, Bird eye Diapers, Irish Linen, &c.

Gents' Furnishing Goods.

All are respectfully invited to inspect my stock before making their purchases. My conviction is, the true way to success is to secure the interest of your customers by charging the smallest possible profit on goods. This has ever been my motto, and the large business heretofore done encourages me in adhering strictly to it

THOMAS SMITH,
No. 25 Sycamore St., Petersburg, Va.
Oct. 15—59

FRESH SEEDS.

We have just received from the most reliable seed-growers in the country, a large stock of **Fresh Garden, Lawn, Field and Meadow Grass Seeds,** embracing every variety of

Artichoke	Onion
Asparagus	Okra
Beans	Parsley
Beet	Parsnip
Broccoli	Peas
Brussells Sprouts	Pepper
Cabbage	Pumpkin
Carrot	Radish
Cauliflower	Rhubarb
Celery	Salsify
Collards	Sellish
Corn Salad	Spinach
Cress or Peppergrass	Tomato
Cucumber	Herbs
Endive	Herds Grass
Egg Plant	Orchard do
Leek	Ky. Blue Grass
Lettuce	Timothy do
Kale	Mixed Lawn and
Melon	Lucerne Grass
Nastirtium	White Clover.

Which we offer at the lowest market rates For Cash.

JORDAN & CARR,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
Jan 29-148-tf Petersburg, Va.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FRESH GARDEN SEED.

THE GROWTH OF 1867!

Warranted Fresh and Genuine.

JUST RECEIVED A LARGE SUPPLY OF Fresh Garden Seed of all kinds, the growth of 1867, from the SEED NURSERY OF DAVID LANDRETH & SON, BLOOMSDALE, NEAR PHILADELPHIA. These seed are warranted *fresh and genuine*, are neatly put in papers, and will be sold at 10 cents each paper or 3 papers for 25 cts.

Apply at N. C. Bookstore,
J. H ENNISS,
Feb 4-151 Bookseller.

FOR 1868!

A NEAT ALMANAC, CONTAINING A FARM and Kitchen Garden Calendar for each month in the year, and other valuable information for gardening will be given to each purchaser.

J. H. ENNISS,
Feb 4-151-tf Bookseller.

For Sale.

THE VIRGINIA BOOT & SHOE POLISH, said to be a very superior article.

Jan. 11—131-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

CORN!

ANOTHER lot to-day received, and for sale, by

Jan 16-143-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

NORFOLK ADVERTISEMENTS

FREER, NEAL & Co.,

E. S. NEAL, GEO. R. FREER, JNO. WHITE.

COTTON FACTORS

AND

General Commission Merchants,

NORFOLK, Va.

Refer to R. H. Smith, Esq., Scotland Neck; Hon. Z. B. Vance, Charlotte; O. G. Parsley & Co., E. Murray & Co., Wilmington; Gen. R. W. Harwood, Raleigh; Gen Wade Hampton, South Carolina; Colonel John W. Cunningham, Person County; Turner Battle, Esq., Edgecombe; Exchange National Bank of Norfolk; George H. Brown & Co., Washington.

Oct. 9—54

ESTABLISHED 1851.

KADER BIGGS, JOS. J. BIGGS.

KADER BIGGS & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS

AND

General Commission Merchants,

NORFOLK, Va.

SPECIAL AND ENTIRE ATTENTION to sales of Cotton and all other kinds of produce and prompt returns made.

Our long experience in business gives us superior advantages in making sales at the highest market prices.

Cotton forwarded to Liverpool free of commission.

Liberal advances made on produce in hand.

TRAVELLING AGENTS: Major Jas. M. Mayo, of Edgecombe, and Mr. Jas. B. Hancock, of Wilson, who will be pleased to furnish any information or facility to those shipping to us.

Revenue Taxes on Cotton can be paid here in all cases when preferred by shippers, according to recent regulations.

Norfolk, Va., Nov. 4—

BOOK STORES.

ALFRED WILLIAMS, C. W. LAMBETH.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,

No. 40 Fayetteville St., Raleigh, N. C.

Book Sellers and Stationers,

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

SCHOOL BOOKS,

STANDARD AND MISCELLANEOUS WORKS.

MASONIC BOOKS, JEWELS, REGALIA;

BOOKS ON STOCK AND AGRICULTURE; STATIONERY; PRINTING AND WRAPPING

PAPER; PRINTERS

SUPPLIES;

SCHOOL AND OFFICE REQUISITES;

ALBUMS;

PERFUMERY,

FANCY ARTICLES, &c.

We are now receiving new supplies, and will be constantly making such additions to our Stock as will enable us to furnish every article usually kept in a first class Book Store.

Our facilities are such as to enable us to furnish in a very few days, any article not on hand, and all orders will have our prompt attention.

Our business will be conducted on the cash system, and every article sold at the very lowest prices.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.

Raleigh, April 9-97-tf

Turner's N. C. Almanac for 1868.

WE SHALL PUBLISH, IN A FEW days, the SECOND EDITION of the above Almanac.

We have reduced the price to 45 per hundred, or 450 per thousand.

Send your orders to
WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,
Booksellers and Stationers.
Raleigh, Oct. 24—67-tf

Magazines and Illustrated Newspapers.

RECEIVED WEEKLY, and for sale at the lowest prices, the popular Magazines and illustrated newspapers of the day.

JAS. H. ENNISS,
Nov. 15—82-tf Bookseller.

CONGRESS TIE ENVELOPES.
For sale by
J. H. ENNISS,
Oct. 17—61-tf N. C. Book Store.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NOTICE.

SEWING MACHINES!

SINGER'S NEW FAMILY

MACHINES!

CAN BE HAD AT

MANUFACTURERS' PRICES

By Calling upon the Agency in Raleigh,

OVER THE MESSRS. TUCKER & CO'S STORE.

THE superior merits of the "Singer" Machines over all others, for either *family use or manufacturing purposes*, are so well established, and so generally admitted, that an enumeration of their relative excellences is no longer considered necessary.

The machine in question is simple, compact, durable and beautiful. It is quiet, light-running and capable of performing a range and variety of work never before attempted upon a single machine,—using either silk, twist, linen or cotton thread, and sewing with equal facility the VERY FINEST and coarsest materials, and anything between the two extremes, in the most beautiful and substantial manner.

W. H. CROW & SONS,
Jan 27-143-1m Agents.

JOHN W. HINSDALE,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

No. 9, Hay Street, Fayetteville, N. C.

PRACTICES in the State and Federal Courts and in the Court of Bankruptcy for the 3d Congressional District.

Prompt attention given to all business intrusted to his care. Claims collected anywhere in North Carolina.

July 22-294-tf

20 BOXES FACTORY CHEESE, EXPECted daily. At

Feb 5-150-tf TONSOFFSETS.

CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

TWO Convenient and desirable HOUSES AND LOTS in the Western Ward of the City, on McDowell Street.

Also, a HOUSE AND LOT, on Fayetteville Street. This is good property. Apply, for information at the

Raleigh, Jan 29-148-tf SENTINEL OFFICE.

LARD! LARD!

Family Refined Lard, in 25 lb buckets.
" " " " 10 " tins.
" " " " 100 " kegs.

For sale by
Dec. 17—113-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

PHŒNIX MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

EDSON FESSENDEN, President. JAMES F. BURNS, Secretary.

IN PRESENTING THE CLAIMS OF THE **PHŒNIX MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY**, to the people of North Carolina, the Agent invites their attention to the following statements:—

1. It is a Mutual Company, the profits being divided among the insured.
2. Its insured are allowed to travel and reside in any part of the United States and Europe, at all seasons of the year.
3. Its dividends have averaged 50 per cent yearly, and are payable on the amount of premium paid by the insured.
4. Its policies are all NON-FORFEITING.
5. Its losses have been met by the annual interest received alone, and a surplus of interest left over to swell the general fund belonging to the insured.
6. It has paid over $500,000 of losses, and NEVER CONTESTED A CLAIM.
7. Its rates of assurance are as cheap as any Company doing a SAFE business.
8. IT WILL NOT INSURE AN UNSOUND LIFE.
9. One half the premium will be received in the note of the insured which note, in case of death, is NEVER deducted from the face of the policy.
10. IT HAS NO CONNECTION WITH FIRE INSURANCE Co.

Relative character of the Companies operating in North Carolina, as to their Assets and Liabilities, taken from the New York Insurance Report for the year 1867, which is the last report—showing how much of Assets each Company has to meet each dollar of Liability:

PHŒNIX MUTUAL	$1 74
ÆTNA	1 31
BROOKLYN	1 12
CONNECTICUT MUTUAL	1 65
EQUITABLE	1 34
MANHATTAN	1 42

The PHŒNIX MUTUAL offers peculiar inducements to citizens of the Southern States—its regulations with regard to residence and travel being almost unrestricted.

These statements are made from impartial reports in the hands of the Agents of the Company.

Principal Office, HARTFORD, CONN.

For further information, apply to the Travelling Agents, or to

WILLIAM H. BAGLEY,
General Agent for North Carolina,
Jan. 1—124-3m Raleigh, N. C.

BROOKLYN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

ABSOLUTELY NO RESTRICTION UPON TRAVEL OR RESIDENCE

ALL POLICIES POSITIVELY NON-FORFEITABLE.

☞ Part of the premium loaned, and *no loan or premium note is a lien or claim* on the policy in case of death after the second year. ☜

THIS COMPANY OFFERS PECULIAR ADVANTAGES TO THE SOUTHERN PEOPLE. IT IS the most

LIBERAL COMPANY IN THE UNITED STATES.

Its rates being lower than those of other Companies.

Office, No. 141 Broadway, New York City.

WM. M. COLE, Secretary. CHRISTIAN W. BOUCK, Pres.

Information gladly furnished in detail, by

A. W. LAWRENCE,
General Agent for the State of North Carolina.
Raleigh, N. C., Dec. 23—116-3m

DRY GOODS.

NEW ARRIVALS.

Goods as LOW as they can be found in this latitude,

AT

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S,

No. 21 Fayetteville St.,

RALEIGH, N. C.

The Senior of this firm has been selling Goods for the last twenty years, in this market and can say to our friends that, considering all things, he never had a

BETTER, NICER OR CHEAPER

STOCK OF GOODS

To offer them than they are now opening at their Store, No. 21 Fayetteville street, Raleigh, N. C.

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG.

October 4, 1867—tf.

MISCELLANEOUS.

JOHN T. DEWEESE,

Attorney at Law and Register in Bankruptcy,

WILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE COURTS except the Bankrupt Court.

Office in the Standard building.

Raleigh, Dec. 20—115-3m

THE MOST IMPORTANT

Agricultural Improvement of the Age!

THE WILLIAMS UTILITY PLOW,

PATENTED AUGUST 1867.

AS A CULTIVATOR OF ALL YOUNG CROPS, it is unsurpassed, unequalled. By the use of hoeing is dispensed with. It possesses all the advantages of FOUR different styles of Plows, at a saving of more than one half the cost.

State and county rights of this Plow may be obtained of

W. R. WILLIAMS.
Raleigh, Jan 29-148-1m

MISCELLANEOUS.

R. G. LEWIS,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

RALEIGH, N. C.

PRACTICES in Federal Courts, all the State Courts and Courts of Bankruptcy.

Is prepared to collect claims in any portion of this State.

Refers to the Bank Officers, and principal business men of this State.

Jan. 16—130-3m

DANIEL G. FOWLE. RICHARD C. BADGER.

FOWLE & BADGER,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

RALEIGH, N. C.,

Will practice in the Supreme Court of North Carolina, the United States Circuit Court, the Superior Courts of Wake, Johnston, and Chatham Counties, and in the Courts of Bankruptcy.

Dec. 19—113-3m.

CHARLESTON HOTEL,

CHARLESTON, S. C.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING TAKEN charge of the above well known Hotel, respectfully informs his friends and the travelling public that it has been REFURNISHED IN ALL OF ITS DEPARTMENTS. The table will at all times be supplied with the THE BEST THE MARKET AFFORDS, including every delicacy in season, while the cuisine will be unexceptionable. The Bath Rooms attached to the Hotel are supplied with the celebrated Artesian Water, and HOT, COLD OR SHOWER BATHS can be obtained at any time. The same attention will be paid to the comfort of the guests as heretofore, and travellers can rely upon finding the Charleston Hotel equal to any in the United States. The patronage of the travelling public is respectfully solicited.

J. P. HORBACH, Agent,
Jan 14-133-3m Proprietor.

SPECTACLES!

SPECTACLES!

SPECTACLES!!!

At **MOSS'**, two doors above Market, to suit all ages.

New glasses fitted to old frames.

Save money by carrying your WATCHES, CLOCKS and JEWELRY to MOSS', to be repaired.

Dec. 20—114-tf

YOUNG'S

BOARDING HOUSE,

NEAR THE YARBOROUGH HOUSE,

FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Board per Day $2.00.

Liberal deductions made on board by the week or month.

Rooms large, comfortable and well furnished. Fare good.

Jan 19-139-tf

RAILROADS.

TO SHIPPERS.

NORTH CAROLINA

ALL STATE

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Sept. 20—42-cod3mdw3m

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THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, } SEATON GALES, EDITORS.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1868

PUBLIC EDUCATION.

It is the imperative duty of the State to provide, to the extent of its means, for the proper education of the children of the State. None will controvert this proposition. Nor is it a matter of small importance what kind of education, and what kind of teachers, shall be furnished them. Intelligence, or a knowledge of letters and science, is only one part of a child's education, which the State should be concerned about. A vicious or perverted education is worse than none, in a Republic or any other government. The great fundamental principles of virtue, both public and private, as inculcated in the Holy Scriptures, cannot be neglected or adulterated, without detriment to society, and if our public schools are not strictly guarded against the contaminating influences of vice, whether inculcated in principle or allowed in practice, great evil must result to society.

The public mind in North Carolina has already been greatly shocked by the free exhibition of the spirit of licentiousness in the so-called Convention, and the utter disregard of the time honored usages of our good old State. Does that body suppose that its hot haste to commit the white people of North Carolina to the outrageous demand for universal negro suffrage, negro office-holding without any of the usual guarantees of property and virtue, the mixing up of whites and blacks in the militia, the refusal to prohibit marriages among white and black, do not sufficiently arouse and alarm the white people of the State?—Is it so early and so entirely wedded to New England fanaticism, that it supposes the white people of North Carolina are ready to submit, without question, to its bastard morality and its fanatical mummeries, at once? We tell that body that the white people of North Carolina *will not submit*, without an earnest effort to stave off and to defeat its efforts to degrade and destroy them.

A friend has just called our attention to the report of the majority of the Committee on Education, laid before the so called Convention. It is signed by eleven members of the Committee; of whom Ashley, Welker, French, W. H. S. Sweet, and Hood, negro, are Northern men. J. J. Hayes, negro, and Read, of Warren, Blume, of Cabarrus, Fisher, of Bladen, Logan, of Rutherford, and Rose, of Rowan or Davie, we take to be native North Carolinians. We append several of the sections proposed in the Article, such as we have room for, that the public may understand its animus:

Sec. 2. The General Assembly, at its first session under this Constitution, shall provide for a general and uniform system of Public Schools, wherein tuition shall be free of charge to all the children of the State between the ages of five and twenty one years; in case of failure on the part of the General Assembly to make the provision aforesaid, the system reported to it by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction shall become the free Public School system of the State: *Provided* The system of said Superintendent shall in no respect be inconsistent with the provisions of this Constitution, and shall be subject to such alteration and amendment, conformable to this Constitution, as the General Assembly may from time to time enact.

Sec. 5. The General Assembly shall make such provisions, by taxation or otherwise, as will secure a thorough and efficient system of public schools throughout the State.

Sec. 6. The University of North Carolina with its lands, endowments and franchises, is the property of the State, and shall be held to retain inseparable connection with the free public school system of the State.

Sec. 7. The General Assembly shall provide that the benefits of the University as far as practicable, be extended to the youth of the State free of expense for tuition; also, that all the property which has heretofore accrued, or shall hereafter accrue, from escheats to the State, shall be appropriated to the use and benefit of the University.

Section 14 provides that the Board of Education, which is to be composed of the State Executive officers, shall appoint the Trustees of the University.

Sec. 15. The government of the University shall be vested in the Board of Trustees; but the official action of said Trustees must conform to the provisions of this Constitution, and be subject to amendment or repeal, by the Board of Education.

Sec. 16. All the privileges, rights franchises and endowments heretofore granted to, or conferred upon, the Board of Trustees of the University of North Carolina by the Charter of 1789, or by any subsequent legislation, are hereby vested in the Board of Trustees, authorized by this Constitution, for the perpetual benefit of the University.

Sec. 17. As soon as practicable after the adoption of this Constitution, the General Assembly shall provide for the establishment and maintenance of an Agricultural College, and one or more Normal Schools, for training young persons of suitable qualifications, to be teachers in the Public Schools of the State.

Sec. 19. The General Assembly is hereby empowered to enact that every child of sufficient mental and physical ability shall attend the Public Schools during the period between the ages of five and eighteen years, for a term of not less than sixteen months, unless educated by other means.

Let the white people of this State carefully ponder this scheme. This system of education is to be provided for by taxation. If the Legislature should be elected by negro votes, of course only the *property* of the State would be taxed, *to educate alike negroes and whites*. The University and all the public schools ARE TO BE THROWN OPEN ALIKE TO NEGROES AND WHITES. No departure from the *principles* and "provisions of this Constitution" will be allowed.

But, worse than all, the Legislature is empowered not only to tax white people to educate black children, but it is also empowered, (see 18th sec.) to pass a law to *compel* all the children of the State, *white and black together*, of sufficient mental and physical ability, to attend the public schools, for a term of sixteen months, between the ages of five and eighteen years, unless educated by other means. This is an outrage upon the liberties of the people, and a tyranny upon the white people, never before hinted at in this country. *That proud white people, unable to educate their children, shall be compelled to send their children to the public schools with negro children*, is a stretch of power, which the white people of North Carolina will never *give* any body of men, whether in Convention or Legislature.—How can John Read look the white people of Warren in their faces, after this? How can Blume, Fisher, Logan, and Rose, meet the merited scorn of their white neighbors? People of North Carolina, *awake and arise!* RISE IN YOUR STRENGTH AND DETERMINE TO RESIST THIS OUTRAGEOUS AND INFAMOUS INSULT. If you do not, you have lost the impulses and stamina of MEN!

THE "MONGRELS."

The suffrage question was resumed on Wednesday night, and Harris (negro) spouted, for nearly two hours, to the exceeding delectation of his so-called white "friends and brethren." He was followed by

Mr. French, of Bladen, who made a violent Jacobin harangue. If he could have placarded his forehead with this inscription: "I am a candidate for Congress, in quest of nigger votes," it would have answered all the purposes of his incoherent and vindictive twaddle.

It will be observed that he labored to place Mr. Graham in the same position, in which the "black and tan" paper attempts to put Gov. Vance. Every sensible and honest man knows that Mr. Graham *threatened* no one. He simply said, in effect,—what is most true,—that when bayonets shall cease to control elections in the South, when a free press, free speech and a free ballot shall prevail, the indignation of the true-hearted white people will sink those who are seeking their degradation beneath the heel of negro supremacy, beyond the power of political resurrection. French intimated that if a "war of races" should ever come, he would be found on the side of the negro. We haven't a doubt of it. Why not? Water seeks its level,—and so do some white folks.

On yesterday, the first subject considered was the report of the Committee on redistricting the Congressional Districts.—The only change suggested in the present arrangement was the placing New Hanover in the 3rd. District, instead of the 2nd.

This is understood to have been proposed on account of the conflicting aspirations of Yankee Radicals in Wilmington and Newbern. As the matter stands, now, (for it will be seen that the Report of the Committee was adopted, with only one amendment, transferring Stanly to the 5th. District,) Mr. Heaton and Mr. Abbott can both be accommodated; that is, if their modest aspirations are not for something higher. But what is to become of "Parson" Sinclair? Mann, Radical Yankee, from Cumberland, and Hood, his Yankee negro colleague, protested against the change, as the former also wishes to go to Congress!—but in vain. They and the "fighting Parson" were all snowed under, and Galloway, (negro,) Sweet, Ashley, Heaton & Co., are crowing over their buried longings for $8,000 a year—pickings and stealings excluded.

The Suffrage question was resumed. Mr. Abbott, hitherto professedly moderate, made an illiberal speech, in which he advocated a test-oath for voters,—something analogous, we suppose, to the Alabama oath. *He*, a squatter in North Carolina, proposes to compel the white *citizens* of our State to accept negro *suffrage* as one of the fixed and immutable principles of their government, or to be forever disfranchised! If such infamous tyranny does not bring the tinge of indignation to the cheek of every white man in the State, they are not worthy of the name and privileges of freemen.

The *Rev.* Mr. May, of Cherokee, made the most vindictive and scurrilous speech of the session, which elicited applause. This man May is a pretty fellow to sit in judgment upon the motives and character of other people. We do not propose to notice any thing from a man, who is charged with the seduction of a female member of his flock, when in his native County, and who, since his residence in his new home, has been before the Courts for alleged offences.

Mr. Ellis made a thorough and searching argument in opposition to negro suffrage. It was marked by much ability and research, and reflected great credit upon that gentleman.

Mr. Pool gave notice that he should, today, move the previous question on the report of the majority.

It will be seen that Hood, (negro,) announced his purpose to present an ordinance *"lifting" the fine imposed by our laws upon Ministers and Justices of the Peace, who solemnize the rites of matrimony between negroes and whites.* Having already refused to prohibit such marriages, the Radical negro-worshippers now propose to remove every impediment to their consummation!—Think of that, white men! The next and most natural step for the scallawags, would be an ordinance *compelling* white women to marry negroes, and *vice versa*. But a day of reckoning will come, and then let these creatures "stand from under!"

NEVER, since the days of the Patriarchs, has any one man, unless, possibly, Brigham Young be the exceptional individual, been *blessed* with so numerous and remarkable a progeny as President Cowles, of the Mongrel Convention. According to his own assumption, though a young man, he is the happy "father" of one hundred and twenty children,—though there are some fifteen, or thereabouts, of the number, who repudiate the paternity. We recollect the story of a verdant youth making his "maiden speech" before a public meeting, over which his male "parient" happened to preside. In the confusion of the moment, he addressed the Chairman as "Daddy." We were some of the fledgings of these so called, who have not yet spread their untried pinions, to beware of the example.

GEN. SHERMAN.—The matter seems to be yet in doubt as to the course Gen. Sherman will pursue in regard to the formation of the new Military District, and his nomination by the President as General of the army, by *Brevet*. The reliable correspondent of the New York *World* says that the President talked with General Sherman about it, while the latter was in Washington, and that he exhibited no such repugnance to it, as the Radical papers speak of. Up to the latest period, the President had received no intelligence from Gen. Sherman.

THE COMMITTEE OF SAFETY BILL.

We have not, for months, doubted the hostility of many of the leaders of the Radical party to the Republic and their purpose to destroy it. The most violent secessionists of the South were never as much bent upon its destruction by division and separation, as the secessionists or Radicals of the North are to destroy it by the centralization of all power into the hands of Congress.

None of the revolutionary measures of the Junto reveal the objects and aims of the Radical leaders, more palpably, than the bill recently presented to the Senate by Mr. Edmunds, of Vermont, with the unpretending title, "A bill to regulate procedure in cases of impeachment and to enforce the orders and judgments of the Senate in such cases, and for other purposes." The bill is under discussion before the Judiciary Committee, and is too long for our columns.—That ever vigilant sentinel upon the watch-towers of the Republic, the *National Intelligencer*, sounds the alarm, and severely criticises the entire bill. That paper says:

"The measure is magnificently bold. Its demonstrable aim is to depose the President and every official person in the United States, Federal and State, or else convert them into revolutionary agents. The rationale is to be upon this principle: (1) A junto of conspirators, colorably a legal body. (2) Devotion to that junto, or else contempt of its authority. (3) In contempt, disability thereby for official action, subject to summary punishment, and also to indictment and conviction of crime. (4) Immunity from those consequences only upon condition of perfect obedience to the junto. The scheme would work, or not, according ly as it was permitted to begin or not.—Suppose an example:

The "high court" is (suppose) in session this morning. In their own pleasure they issue an order, No. 1, believed to be unlawful. The person affected by it refuses to obey it. An order now issues to an officer of the army, directing him to execute No. 1 with his troops. He refuses. Order No. 3 now issues to arrest him for contempt.—The officer to whom this is directed also refuses. Order No. 4 now issues (say) to the prosecuting attorney and the grand jury to indict all those persons for obstructing the orders. They all refuse, and so do the judges. Nobody will obey, and nothing can be done. The reason is, that the officers to whom the orders have been directed are so positively certain that they are unlawful, that they are not afraid to disobey them.—There is no other reason, obviously. But are military men likely to exercise a reliance on their judgment of law so confident and exclusive? If they have any doubt at all, would they take the great risk of disobedience to the "high court?" Is it not notorious that the officers of the army, as a class, are apprehensive of Congress? Do they not know that their pay depends on appropriations by that body? Suppose, then, that order No. 2 was directed to an officer less willing to resolve all doubts against such a body as the "high court."—He would execute the order by force. He would not venture even to hesitate. If any one attempted to hinder him, he would (as commanded) arrest such for contempt. If the contumacious person was an officer of the army, navy, or the Cabinet, his arrest vacates his office. If any one complains, he, too, goes under arrest. All military officers below him must obey him, and all above who command him become by contempt disabled for their official functions. They become, also, liable to prosecution for felony in the courts. If the judges and officers of the courts hesitate or refuse, they, too, are in contempt and deposed. It follows that if the first order of the "high court" is obeyed, there is not a governor, a legislator, a judge, a head of a department, an officer of the army, the navy, or militia, or an official person of any kind, State, Federal or territorial, at home or abroad, from the President to a trustee of a country school, but is liable to be deposed by any order of arrest, or by actual removal, and his place filled by a person satisfactory to the "high court." But, moreover, there is no human being inhabiting the United States of America who may not, at the pleasure of this high court, at any time, under any circumstances, and for any cause, or no cause, be instantly arrested and punished for contempt of this "high court." Its powers are perfectly plenary. Its sovereignty is entirely unlimited. Its authority is completely omnipresent, and its strength altogether omnipotent."

The *Intelligencer* then proceeds to dissect the bill, and show its practical operations under two divisions:

1. A committee is to be erected, composed of Senators, which is to absorb all government, and also the residuary sovereignty of the people, with powers of perpetual succession.

2. The object is to fill every office in the country with an agent of the central despotism, to declare a state of insurrection in the country, and then to openly proclaim a change of Government.

The *Intelligencer* closes its searching review with an earnest appeal that the bill *must not* pass.

THE RIGHT SPIRIT.—A friend in one of the Eastern counties, sending us a club of subscribers to the *Sentinel*, says:

"The Conservatives, though in a hopeless minority in this County, are determined to dispute every inch of ground with the Radicals. I think the best thing that we can do is to get every man that is able, to subscribe for a good paper, like the *Sentinel*, and, after he reads it, let him lend it to his neighbor."

THE PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGN.—Democratic politicians recently arrived from the Western States display considerable encouragement as to the issue of the coming Presidential election. They say the drift of the popular mind is perceptibly averse to the continuance of the present distracted condition of things, and the people are beginning to realize that the only hope of a solution of the existing difficulties is in the choice of loyal but more moderate men.—The financial question is particularly watched, and it is said will exercise a decided influence upon the results of the election.—Other questions of policy will also come in for a share of attention, and it is thought that Congress, pursuing its reckless career, will precipitate one of the most decisive revolutions in the public mind that has as yet characterized the political history of this country. A movement is already on foot to devise some ways and means for the carrying on of the campaign, and in which, from all appearances, neither party will be found lacking in liberality and determination.—*Wash. Cor. N. Y. Herald.*

NOMINATION OF W. GILMORE SIMMS.—Among the nominations sent in to the Senate on Friday was that of W. Gilmore Simms, the Southern novelist, to be United States Marshal for the district of South Carolina. Opposition is made to the nomination upon the ground that Mr. Simms took an active part in the rebellion, and it is doubtful if he will be confirmed.—*Wash. Star.*

The "Constitutional Convention," (So-called.)

NIGHT SESSION.

WEDNESDAY, Feb. 19, 1868.

The Convention was called to order, according to adjournment, at 7½ o'clock.

The roll was called to ascertain whether there was a quorum present or not.

The Chair announced a quorum.

Mr. Abbott moved that the report of the Committee on Immigration be taken from the table and made the special order for Monday next, at 10½ o'clock. Carried.

Mr. Ellis said that he had heard that the delegate from New Hanover (Galloway, negro,) had said that there had been women in his (Catawba) county, during the war, hung up by their thumbs to make them tell where their husbands were. He wished to say that no such thing had been done.

The Suffrage question was resumed.

Harris, of Wake, (negro,) had the floor, and spoke his old speech,—consuming the time of the Convention for over an hour.

Galloway, (negro,) gave notice that to-morrow he would insist upon his substitute for the whole matter, and would call the previous question.

Hayes, of Halifax, (negro,) said "he did not think that the majority Committee had no right to moot the question for removing the disabilities that Congress had imposed. They had been told here, last night, they might look out when the blue coats are gone. He regarded that as a sort of a declaration of war, and he did not think men who did not love the government had no business with the ballot—they were not fit for it."

Mr. French, of Bladen, said that there was no use to discuss universal suffrage. That was a foregone conclusion. But in regard to the *disfranchisement* of men, would it be safe, would it be policy, to entrust the ballot in the hands of men who had ground down the people of the State, under the iron heel of despotism? He was opposed to it. There were men who should be enfranchised—such men as W. W. Holden, Dockery, Pool, Sinclair, and others "too tedious to mention." As for Mr. Graham's threats of last night, he would hurl back such threats in their teeth, and, though they did not wish to come to blows, yet, if the worst should come to the worst, they were ready,—and may God have mercy upon their souls! They would not get off so easy as they had done in the late war. He closed by giving notice that he intended to offer a substitute for the majority report, to-morrow.

Galloway, (negro,) gave notice that he would introduce a resolution, rescinding the general amnesty passed by the Legislature, but withdrew it, on being told that a resolution to that effect was on the calendar.

The Chair announced the following persons as a Committee on final adjournment, viz: Messrs. Forkner, Blume and Taylor.

On motion of Mr. Jones, of Washington, the Convention adjourned until to-morrow, 10 o'clock.

MORNING SESSION

THURSDAY, Feb. 20, 1868.

The President being absent, Mr. King, of Lenoir, was, on motion of Mr. Heaton, called to the chair.

Prayer by the Rev. J. W. Hood, (negro.)

After prayer the President appeared and took his seat.

Mr. McDonald, of Chatham, submitted a report from the select Committee to whom was referred the resolution in favor of H. B. Guthrie, Sheriff of Orange, accompanied by an ordinance, allowing the said Sheriff $1200, and a letter, from the Public Treasurer in regard to the matter.

Pending action upon the reported ordinance, Mr. Laflin said the hour had arrived to consider the special order, viz: The report of the Committee on reconstructing the Congressional Districts.

Mr. Nicholson was allowed to introduce an ordinance respecting Homesteads, which was ordered to be printed.

The special order was then taken up.

The report was read.

Mr. Laflin said that the delegates would notice that there was only one change, viz: taking New Hanover from the 2d and transferring it to the 3rd District. The reason for such change was, that New Hanover was the geographical outlet of the Cape Fear, and not until 1865 was it a part of the 2nd District.

Mr. Mann opposed the change for various reasons, and stated that the party was so well organized that there would be no difficulty in carrying the next election.

Hood (negro) said that it seemed to be the impression that they could not carry the election in their District, without the aid of New Hanover, but that was not so; they had a sufficient majority to take care of themselves.

Mr. Abbott said that the 3rd District was the proper one for New Hanover, and went on to give various reasons for it. He said that the objections of Messrs. Mann and Hood were purely personal; not a single decent and good reason had been presented by them, in opposition to the proposed change. Mr. A. said that he had privately assured the delegates, time and again, that no one in New Hanover intended to apply for the ballots of the 3rd District; he would repeat the assurance now in public, and though this was no place to drag up such subjects, yet the hints thrown out made it necessary to do so. He had no personal motives in advocating the change.

Mr. Mann disclaimed any personal motives in opposing the change.

Mr. Turner, of Harnett, objected to the change. He moved to lay the whole matter on the table.

Mr. Sweet said that, in order that the Convention could vote understandingly upon this question, it would be proper to ascertain whether it was not actually necessary to take some steps in regard to this matter, as the present system was the work of the Johnsonian Convention of 1865, and their authority in the matter might be doubted.

Mr. Turner withdrew his motion to table.

Hood, (negro,) moved to recommit the report to the Committee, with instructions to report the districts, as they were in 1865.

Mr. Abbott said he knew the gentleman did not really object to it, as New Hanover was a part of the 3rd in 1865. It was merely clap-trap, &c.

Hood, (negro,) said he hoped the gentleman did not mean to reflect upon his honesty.

Mr. Abbott: Of course not.

Mr. Sweet opposed the recommitment, and hoped the report of the Committee would be adopted.

Pending the discussion, the Chair announced the special order, viz: The article on Suffrage.

Mr. Sweet moved to postpone it until the matter under discussion be disposed of.—Carried.

Mr. Congleton next spoke in favor of the proposed change.

Mr. Mann hoped the motion to recommit would prevail.

The question recurred upon the motion to recommit, which was put to a vote and lost.

Mr. Morton moved to amend, by striking "Stanly County" from the 3rd., and adding it to the 5th. District.

Mr. Tourgee wished to know what the question was before the house.

The chair replied that he supposed that the gentleman ought to know.

Mr. Tourgee replied that he was not accustomed to ask questions, when he knew the answers. He saw several gentlemen on the floor, urging different motions and amendments.

The President:—Take your seats, gentlemen. I insist on order; take your seats, and I will recognize *somebody*.

A good deal of wrangling here ensued upon the various amendments and motions.

Mr. Pool moved to recommit to the Committee, with instructions to re-district the districts upon the basis of the registered vote.

Hood (negro,) agreed to that.

Mr. Pool's motion was put to a vote and lost.

Mr. Morton's amendment was then adopted.

The question recurred upon the report of the Committee.

The yeas and nays were called, on motion of Mr. Heaton, and the vote stood, yeas 71, nays 28.

The Suffrage question was next resumed.

Mr. Abbott said that it had been his desire to address the Convention, very briefly, but his attention had been so largely occupied by this "divorce case," this morning, that he would yield the floor to any gentleman who might wish to speak on this subject.

No one evincing a desire to occupy the floor, Mr. Abbott commenced his speech by stating that voting had been exercised by all races and countries in some way or other. He cited the different manner in which the ballot was exercised by different nations in the earlier ages.

He believed that every one who had voluntarily borne arms against the government, was, under the Constitution, guilty of treason, and was deprived of his former rights. He alluded to this, for he had heard a good deal of talk of the rights of those now disfranchised. Those men had no rights, save only what the conqueror party gave them. The rights of this State had been alienated by participation in the rebellion, and would not be restored until the Congress saw fit to give them back to them.

Mr. Graham, of Orange, interrupted him, asking the question: "Do you consider that the government of the United States had a right to punish the States of the South, as such, or must it proceed against individuals; if so, can any further or other punishment, than that prescribed by the Constitution, be inflicted."

Mr. Abbott did not reply directly, but said that this would involve too great a discussion concerning the intent and meaning of the Constitution.

He did not think it was safe to admit to office or ballot those who are going to use them to the injury of the government, but to those who had come forward and frankly submitted to the results of the war. To all such men, he would extend the right of suffrage; such men as Rodman, Longstreet, Orr, and Holden. He had not alluded to negro suffrage and did not intend to, for that was a foregone conclusion. The question was how to deal with men, who would not accept the provision of the acts of Congress, but who were hostile to it.

He would vote for the majority report with some modifications, and attaching a test-oath for voting, in order to bar men who would only return to the exercise of that privilege, to attempt another disruption of the government. When loose-mouthed declaimers like Vance learned to hush their threats, when the rebellious people and press ceased their revilings, and when they became unconditionally "loil," he would receive them, and not before.

Mr. Congleton concurred with Mr. Abbott *in toto* (of course.)

Mr. May said, after a long and malevolent harangue, "if there was but one disloyal man in the State, he would say disfranchise him; if 10,000, disfranchise them; if 15,000, disfranchise them. He believed that the spirit of rebellion still burned in the bosoms of those men, and he could not support any measure giving them rights forfeited by their crimes, unless they repent."

He continued in the same bitter and violent strain, eliciting *applause* from the Radical portion of the House.

Mr. Ellis said he had noticed each and every delegate, as they approached this subject, and they had made it a purely political measure, to build up party and not to enhance the happiness and welfare of the people. He was opposed to all measures vindictive in themselves and degrading to the people. The delegate, who had just taken his seat, had, in the outset, declared he he intended to consider this matter in purely a *statesman-like view*, but it was not long before he drifted into petty partyism. The gentleman from Pasquotank had declared that the right of suffrage was inherent, and if that is so, why are we here in Convention, legislating upon this subject? I have listened to threats of hanging men on account of their political sentiments. I have listened to the haranguing of different delegates on this floor, for proscribing and hanging intelligent and virtuous gentlemen of our State, to the preferment of an ignorant and inferior race—all to build up a party, vile, tyrannical, and oppressive to the liberties of the people.—There could be no disguise put upon the matter.

Mr. E. continued his remarks for some time, entering into a clear and searching argument bearing upon the case. (His remarks will be given in full shortly.)

This speech called Galloway (negro) to his feet, who occupied the floor for some time.

Mr. Tourgee gave notice that he would introduce an ordinance, to-morrow morning, to stop the pay of members absenting themselves.

Mr. Pool gave notice that he would move the previous question upon the majority report of the Committee on Suffrage, to-morrow morning.

Hood (negro) gave notice that he would introduce an ordinance, lifting the fine upon Ministers and Justices of the Peace for celebrating the marital rites between colored and white people.

As there was not a quorum present, the President declared the House adjourned until this evening, 7½ o'clock.

BOSTON AND CREAM BISCUIT.
Dried Beef and Beef Tongues
At TONNOFFSKI'S.
Feb 3-150-tf

CAN PEACHES AND TOMATOES.
At TONNOFFSKI'S.
Feb 3-150-tf

20 BBLS. No. 1. FAMILY FLOUR AND other grades, arriving
At TONNOFFSKI'S
Feb 3-150-tf

ANOTHER
LOT Cockade City Ale, just to hand.
W. H. JONES & CO.
Feb 6-153-tf

IMPORTANT SALE!!
PURSUANT TO AN AGREEMENT ENTERED into between THOMAS H. HOOD and SAMUEL ROWLAND, on the 24th day of January, 1867, I shall proceed to sell, at the Court House door, in the City of Raleigh, at 12 o'clock M., on Thursday, the 5th. day of March next, a tract of land called FAIRY KNOWE, situated two miles from Raleigh, on the Roxboro Road adjoining the lands of John W. B. Watson and Isaac R. Haywood, containing
ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTEEN ACRES
with all the houses, out houses, &c., for a Farm. Terms Cash. For particulars, apply to POWELL & BOLLING.
Feb 20-165-4d R. C. BADGER, Agent for T. D. Hood.

DIED:
At Oaks, on the 5th. instant, Miss ROBINA BINGHAM, daughter of the late William J. Bingham, in the 20th. year of her age.

In Elizabeth City N. C., on the 17th. inst., BARNEY TRAVIS, Esq., in the 77th. year of his age.—He was an excellent citizen.

At his residence, in Person county, near Leasburg, N. C. after a short and painful illness, on Tuesday night, the 11th. inst., DAVID VANHOY. He was a kind neighbor, a worthy citizen, a stanuch friend and a good man. His loss will be deeply felt by the poor and needy who lived around him.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR RENT.
THE BOYLAN HOUSE AND LOT, ON HILLSboro street, with ten rooms, all furnished.—Possession given 1st. March. The furniture in the house could be bought on 6 months, time, with note and good security for rent and furniture
W. H. JONES & CO.,
Auctioneers & Comm. Merchants.
Feb 21-165-tf

FOR SALE.
LARD in Bbls., Molasses in Bbls., and Mountain Butter in Kegs.
W. H. JONES & CO
Feb 21-165-tf Auct. & Comm. Merchants.

FOR SALE.
ANOTHER supply of best Mountain Apples.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
Feb 21-165-tf Auct. & Comm. Merchant.

Mullets, Mullets.
FOR sale by the Barrel, on consignment, by
DOUGLAS BELL.
Feb 21-165-tf

Crackers, Crackers.
FRESH Crackers to-day receiving by
DOUGLAS BELL.
Feb 21-165-tf

PERSONAL.
A YOUNG man by the name of GARRETT, who visited Raleigh, during the session of the State Conservative Convention of Feb. 5th, will hear of something to his interest, by addressing
T. V. MOSS,
Watch Maker and Jeweler,
Feb 21-165-6t Raleigh, N. C.

100,000 LBS. COTTON ROOT and Seed Wanted.
Apply to
J. B. HUNTER,
At Office of
Feb 21-165-3t W. H. JONES & CO.

CONNECTICUT MUTUAL LIFE
INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.
Statement, Dec. 31st. 1867.
Accumulated Assets
$17,670,288,88
INCOME FOR 1867
$7,726,516 53
FOR PREMIUMS
$6,332,804,95
FOR INTEREST
$1,393,711,58
Losses paid in 1867
$1,968,758,18
Dividends paid in 1867
$643,005,00.
Interest received more than pays losses.
Dividends average over 30 per cent.
All policies non-forfeitable for a stated amount.
Assurance can be effected in all forms desired
SAM'L. DOUGLAS WAIT,
General Agent,
Feb 17-163-tf Raleigh, N. C.

King of the South Plows!
FARMERS, LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST!
I AM HAVING MANUFACTURED, AND INtend to keep, a supply of the best one horse plows in the State, which I call the KING OF THE SOUTH, using three points on the same plow, two of which are reversible, making them equal to five points. I refer to a large number of gentlemen, that have been using the plows in this and the adjoining counties.
ALSO,
Family Groceries, Sole and Upper Leather French and American Calf Skins, Shoe Findings &c.
Always in store for sale as low as the lowest, for cash or country produce.
JORDAN WOMBLE,
Grocer & Commission Merchant,
North side Hargett St., 3d. door from Fayetteville st.
Feb 8-155 dawawlm.

Flour in Sacks!
FORTY SACKS N. C. Family Flour, in store and for sale by
DOUGLAS BELL.
Feb 8-155-tf

PATAPSCO Family Flour!!!
Bellair Family Flour!!!
North Carolina Flour!!!
in Barrels, and warranted first rate.
DOUGLAS BELL.
Feb 8-155-tf

Oats! Oats! Oats!
ONE Hundred Bushels prime Oats, for sale by
DOUGLAS BELL.
Feb 8-155-tf

Corn, Corn.
ANOTHER lot of Corn to day to hand.
DOUGLAS BELL.
Feb 8-155-tf

Cotton, Cotton.
PERSONS having Cotton to sell, will find it to their advantage, for the next ten days to call on
W. H. JONES & CO
Feb 8-155-tf

No. 41, Fayetteville Street.
FRESH arrival of Western Empire Cook Stoves.
ALSO, ON HAND,
Air-tight and Cast Iron Heating Stoves. Stove Pipe made to order.
ALSO,
All kind of Tin and Sheet Iron Work done at Short notice.
J. BROWN,
Feb 8-155-tf With Hart & Lewis.

RECEIVED THIS DAY
500 lbs Family Lard in Kegs.
TONNOFFSKI'S
Feb 3-150-tf

In Store and for sale low,
150 Choice Maryland hams
At TONNOFFSKI'S
Feb 3-150-tf

50 LABORERS WANTED
To Work on the Western N. C. Railroad.
CONTRACTS to be closed on Thursday, the 27th. inst., and Proposals to be in by that time in Burke County.
For particulars, apply to Mr. WILLIAM S. HELMSLEY, Raleigh.
CHAMBERS & AVERY,
Feb 21-165-4d Morganton.

HARDWARE TRADE, 1868
CAST IRON HEATING STOVE, AIR TIGHT Heating Stoves, Cooking Stoves, and Steel Stoves.
ALSO,
Stove Pipe made to order at short notice, and low for cash
J. BROWN
Raleigh, Jan. 9—tf With Hart & Lewis,

RAILROADS.
Notice to Shippers of Spirits Turpentine!
THE SEABOARD
INLAND AIR LINE,
VIA PORTSMOUTH, VA.,
IS NOW PREPARED TO SHIP
SPIRITS TURPENTINE
To Baltimore, Philadelphia, and New York, its Steamers having been arranged for that purpose.
THIS AIR LINE ROUTE, FROM THE FACT of its avoiding trans-shipment from one steamer to another, to which other lines are subjected, and being the direct line between the Carolinas and the Northern Cities, with daily communication to Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York, and to Boston a Steamer every five days, offers great facilities for shipping, and is in advance of all other routes from three to five days and at as low rates.
In shipping from the Northern cities, or from Carolina, be careful to ship via Portsmouth, and by the Steamship lines connecting with and forming part of this Route.
From Boston, Merchants and Miners' Line, E. Sampson, Agent, end Central Wharf.
From New York, Old Dominion Steamship Co. Pier 27, North river, M. L. McCready, President, Office 187 Greenwich Street.
From Philadelphia, Clyde Steamers, 14 south Delaware Avenue, W. P. Clyde, Agent.
Annamessic Line, Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Depot, J. L. Wilson, Agent.
From Baltimore, Bay Line Steamers, foot of Union Dock R. L. Poor, Agent.
All claims for loss, damages or overcharge, promptly settled by applying to
JAS. McCANDLISH, Trans Ag't.
Seaboard Inland Air Line, Portsmouth, Va
Jan. 6—126-2m

THE SEABOARD AND ROANOKE RAILROAD AND BAY LINE, having been consolidated under one Management from Weldon to Baltimore, offer greater facilities to shippers of freight to and from Baltimore than any other line, and guarantee safety of freight and prompt settlement of all claims.
E. G. GRIG,
Sup't Transportation, S. & R. R.
W. G. SMITH,
Sup't Bay Line Steamers.
Jan. 6—126-2m

COLGATE & CO'S
GERMAN
ERASIVE SOAP,
THE STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE.
For Sale by all Grocers.
Jan. 22—(3m)

JUST ARRIVED!
BACON,
SUGARS,
COFFEE,
CHEESE,
CRACKERS,
SALT,
COCOANUTS,
YEAST POWDERS,
RICE,
CANDLES,
At
S. D. HARRISON'S
Feb 15-161-2t

FRESH PEACHES!!
10 dozen 3 lb., Cans (1st.) $4 00 per doz
15 " 6 lb., " (2d.) 15 00 " "
ALL WARRANTED FRESH.
The Cans are sealed with wax and can be used again
Apply to
E. H. POGUE,
Feb 15-161-tf Richmond, Va.

A NEW ARRIVAL.
COFFEES, TEAS AND SPICES.
Old Gov. Java, Laguira and Rio Coffees
Young Hyson, Imperial, Gunpowder and Oolong Teas
Pepper, Allspice, Cinnamon, Nutmegs, Cloves and Mace.
DOUGLAS BELL,
Feb 17-162-tf Fayetteville St.

For Sale.
NICE WHITE CORN MEAL.
W. H. JONES & CO.
Jan. 17—146-tf

MAYOR'S OFFICE,
RALEIGH, Feb. 17, 1868.
SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at this Office, until 12 o'clock M., Wednesday, the 26th. instant, for cleaning, repairing and keeping in repair, the Wells and Pumps of the City, for twelve months from the date of contract.
The Commissioners reserve the right to accept, or reject, any offer that may be made.
By order of the Board of Commissioners
WM. D. HAYWOOD,
Feb 18-163-4d Mayor

FRESH GARDEN SEED.
WE ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF OUR supply of GARDEN SEED for 1868, grown in 1867, all of which we warrant of the best kinds.
WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,
Feb. 17-162-tf Booksellers, Raleigh, N. C.

Whiskey! Whiskey!
20 BBLS. Pure Rye Whiskey, Full proof, very cheap.
ALSO,
An excellent assortment of WINES and other Liquors and a fresh supply of Cockade City ALE.
Feb 13-159-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

Flour, Flour, Flour.
A LARGE lot just to hand—various grades, in Bbls. and Sacks. Cheap to close consignment.
Feb 13-159-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

Fruit Trees! Fruit Trees!!
FROM "New Garden Nurseries," now on hand and ready for planting.
As Agents for the proprietors, Messrs J. Lelley & Son, we can fill orders for Fruit Trees, Vines, &c., &c., at short notice for cash
Jan 28-146-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

Medical College of Virginia!
ELECTION OF PROFESSOR.
A MEETING of the Board of Visitors of the Institution will be held at the College, in Richmond, on Thursday, March 5th, for the purpose of filling the vacancy in the chair of Materia Medica, created by the resignation of Prof. WELLFORD.
Applications and testimonials may be handed to the undersigned.
By order of the Executive Committee of the Board.
JOHN A. MCKEE, M. D.,
Feb 15-1 Richmond, Va.

GREEN APPLES.
JUST in and for sale by
W. H. JONES & CO.
Feb 3-150-tf

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S ENGLISH Chow Chow, Pickles, Condiments and Table Mustard.
Feb 3-150-tf At TONNOFFSKI'S

Select Boarding and Day School.
HILLSBORO, N. C.
THE SPRING TERM OF THE MISSES HASS and MISS KOLLOCK'S school will commence February 7th, 1868, and close June 26th, (20 forty weeks.) Circulars forwarded on application.
Nov 20—2m

VERY OLD SCUPPERNONG WINE.
Feb 6-153-tf W. H. JONES & CO

SEED POTATOES.
30 BARRELS
Prime Jackson Whites
ON HAND
25 Barrels Choice Varieties
Now Expected
Feb 18-164-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

PRICES REDUCED.

Advertisements will be inserted in the Daily Sentinel at the following rates. A square will be hereafter estimated at 15 nonpareil lines, or 1¼ inches.

One square one time	$1,00
" " each subsequent insertion less than a week	50
One square one week	5,00
Each additional square one week	2,00
One square two weeks	5,00
Each additional square two weeks	3,50
One square one month	8,00
Each additional square one month	5,00
One square two months	12,00
Each additional "	6,00
One square three months	14,00
Each additional "	7,00
One quarter column	25,00
One half column	40,00
One column	75,00

Regular business cards, 10 nonpareil lines or less, will be charged only $10 for three months.

All advertisements or cards must be changed in form at least every three months. Contracts for more than three months made only at the above rates.

Special notices or advertisements required to be inserted on inside or any special place, will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above charges.

Advertisements inserted in Weekly and Semi-Weekly at rates corresponding with the above.

Court advertisements inserted 6 weeks for $7 cash or $10 if charged.

Advertisers will always find it to their advantage to encourage the cash when they send advertisements, to the extent they wish to pay for them.

THE SENTINEL.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1868.

STATE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

The gentlemen composing the State Executive Committee are respectfully requested to meet in this City, on Friday, the 28th. inst., at 11 o'clock, A. M. A full attendance is much desired. By order of the CHAIRMAN.

Raleigh, Feb. 17th., 1868.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Boylan House and Lot, on Hillsboro' Street, for rent, and furniture for sale: Apply to W. H. Jones & Co.

Lard, Molasses, Butter, Mountain Apples: W. H. Jones & Co.

Fifty laborers wanted to work on the Western N. C. Railroad, by Chambers and Avery, Contractors, Morganton: Apply to A. N. McKimmon, Raleigh.

100,000 lbs. Cotton Root and Seed wanted: J. B. Hunter, at office of W. H. Jones & Co.

Read "Personal:" T. V. Moss, Watchmaker and Jeweller, Raleigh.

Mullets and Crackers: Douglas Bell, Fayetteville Street.

COUNTY MEETINGS, &c.—In reply to the inquiries of several friends as to the publication of the proceedings of certain county meetings, we would say: That about the time of the assembling of the recent Conservative State Convention, we received the proceedings of many meetings. We gave abstracts of most of them, and, *after* the Convention adjourned, we deemed it unnecessary, as the objects of their assemblage had been accomplished, to publish those which were only received at a later day.—The fact, also, that the proceedings in several remote Western counties were not received until after the Convention, will account for the non-representation of those Counties by the designated proxies.

NEW REGISTRATION.—The Wilmington *Journal* calls attention to the important fact that, according to the requirements of the Reconstruction Acts, the registration lists must be opened for revision, for the space of three days, *fourteen days prior to any election* under those Acts. Due notice of the time and place must be given. Let the County Committees see to it, in time, that every man, who has not heretofore registered, shall be prepared to do so, at the proper time, and, also, that all young men, who shall have attained their majority, since the last registration, shall likewise be ready to register.

SURGERY.—It always affords us pleasure to chronicle any instance of success and progress in our own section of this great country. We recently noticed a successful operation upon a citizen of this State, by Dr. W. H. Triplett, of Virginia, a young Surgeon of growing promise. We hear of another, by this same Physician. A young man, by the name of Buck, visited Dr. T. to be treated for *fibrous tumor* on the face and lower jaw. It was very large and involved the jaw bone. The tumor was removed, and a part of the jaw bone, successfully.

It is said to have been a master-piece of surgery, and the patient is convalescing and doing well.

It is a source of pride to the South, that no country excels her in scientific skill, in so far as she has competed for success. And we think few of our sister States can out-do *this* tar-heel region, in the way of medical ability.

GEN. SICKLES.—The *National Intelligencer* says that while Gen. Sickles was in South Carolina, his confidential friends and advisers, among the natives, were those who had been foremost in the "sin of rebellion" against the Government. Now that he is stumping for the Radical candidate in New Hampshire, he is violent in his denunciations of that class. Gen. Sickles is an officer of the regular army. Gen. Sherman says that such officers should abstain from being mixed up with partizan politics. We agree with Gen. Sherman.

THE PEOPLE MOVING.—The Conservatives of Warren held a meeting on Monday. The County organization was arranged, and the meeting was addressed by Wm. Eaton, Jr., W. A. Montgomery, W. K. Barham, and Col. W. J. Green. Proceedings to-morrow.

NORTH CAROLINA RAIL ROAD.—From a condensed exhibit of the North Carolina Rail Road Company for seven months, ending 31st. Dec. 1867, published by the Secretary, P. A. Stagg, Esq., we learn that the nett income of the Road was $134,081,54.—Considering the severity of the times, this is doing finely. At this rate, the nett income of the Road will be $200,000, and over, for the year. But for the fact that all this must go to meet back debts, the Road could make a respectable dividend.

NORTH CAROLINA BUSINESS DIRECTORY.—Messrs. Branson & Jones have just laid on our table the advanced sheets of their new Business Directory, which far exceeds in value and interest anything heretofore issued in this State. They have given the statistics of every County in the State.—The census of each County is given from the census of 1860; also the County officers, Colleges and Schools, with their teachers; the Churches and Pastors; the Hotels, Lawyers, Merchants, Mills, Mines, Manufactories, Physicians, Post Offices, &c., in each County. Besides this, large statistics of the mines, &c., will be appended.

Every business man in the State, and the merchants of Norfolk, Petersburg, Richmond, Baltimore, Philadelphia, and New York, who are interested in the business of North Carolina, should order the work. It will contain 200 pages and upwards, and will be sold for $4.

THE NEWBERN Reds had a meeting on Tuesday. They nominated the X. P. G. for Governor. Good. They also nominated Col. Heaton for Congress. One of the reasons why New Hanover was crammed into the Fayetteville District, to the

—utter despair,
Of the "Fighting Parson" Sinclair!

For the Sentinel.

TRIBUTE TO LEWIS THOMPSON.

On Monday of February (Bertie) Court, a meeting of the members of the Court, the Bar, the officers of the Court and the citizens of the County, was held to testify their respect for the memory of Mr. Thompson.

On motion of Hon. David Outlaw, Jonathan S. Tayloe, the present Chairman of the Court, and the successor of Mr. Thompson, was called to preside, and Wm. P. Gurley, the Clerk, was appointed Secretary.

The object of the meeting having been appropriately explained by the Chairman, a committee of seven was appointed to report resolutions proper for the occasion.

The committee, consisting of P. H. Winston, Hon. David Outlaw, L. S. Webb, Hon. John Pool, Thomas J. Pugh, Joseph B. Cherry and William T. Sutton, Sen., made, through Mr. Winston, the following report:

"The death of Lewis Thompson, since the last term of our Court, is a great loss to our County and State. For more than a third of a century, he was an active man on the stage of life, and neither blot nor blemish ever at any time was attached to his name. Of unsullied private character, he possessed those rare qualities, both of head and heart, which gave him the esteem and confidence of all good men.

His impulses, his voice and his strong intellect, were always on the side of law, order and justice.

His hospitality as a man, his unaffected kindness as a neighbor, his sincerity as a friend, his manly fairness and liberality in all his dealings, his solicitude as a father, and his devotion as a husband, were traits of his character in an eminent degree.—Whatever he did, from the highest to the lowest duties of life, was thoroughly and well done. And whilst his talents seemed to fit him to discharge only the elevated tasks of business, to the poor and humble around him, his advice, his comforting, counsel, and his help, were readily extended. He was the life of his immediate neighborhood, and all classes deferred at once to his great intellect and his purity of purpose.

Strong man as he was, nature had full play in his heart. His life was, doubtless, hastened to a close by grief for the death of a lovely daughter. His sympathies were ever with his friends in their bereavements, and his firm manhood gave way, when death took from his household the child of his love.

Mr. Thompson was a man of correct taste, of a thorough sense of propriety, of ripe judgment and great energy of character. He took no pains to exhibit his superior qualities to his fellow men. Had he yielded to the wishes of the people and accepted promotion as they tendered it, there was scarcely any position which he might not have reached. There was no position which he could not well have filled.

In whatever light he may be regarded, whether as a speaker, a statesman or in any other respect, he was emphatically a remarkable man. When he chose to be so he was eloquent, powerful and almost irresistible. His denunciations of wrong, in sincerity and hypocrisy, were terrible. No false position could for an instant withstand his attack. Guilt sunk back with shame at the superiority of his presence.—On the other hand, truth and justice, and right, as set forth by him, stood out clear and transparent as the noon day sun. He comprehended at a glance the most intricate questions, whether of law, finance, commerce, political economy, or any other science. His masterly eloquence, backed by his honest character, swayed the minds of men, and they felt safe in giving into his keeping their judgments, their dearest interest, their confidence and their love. Handling his large estate with ease and enjoying himself as a MAN, he avoided all display. Had he struggled for position as a jurist, a statesman or a scholar, he certainly would have ranked among the first of the present or any other age. Thoroughly educated at our University, and from time to time taking part in public affairs, he became a prominent man among the prominent men of the State. When his death was announced, our people everywhere felt that another of our great men had passed away.

But he is gone. We cannot delineate his character. In all that made the thorough gentleman in the best sense of the term he was a sterling example. His name will live for many years in the hearts of our people. Though his intelligent eye is closed in death, we fancy that it is still beaming upon us. Though his voice of wisdom is hushed in eternal repose, it will long vibrate on the chords of our memories.

In view of his worth as a private and public man, it is by this meeting

Resolved, That his death is a great loss to our country, our State and especially to the county of Bertie.

Resolved, That the citizens composing this meeting will wear the usual badge of mourning during the present term of this Court.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be spread upon the records of the Court, and that a copy be sent, by the Chairman, to the family, with the condolence of our people in their bereavements.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be published in the Raleigh papers and such other papers as may choose to copy the same.

Remarks, eulogizing Mr. Thompson, were made by the Chairman, Hon. David Outlaw, Jos. B. Cherry and S. B. Spruill. After the adjournment of the meeting, the proceedings were ordered to be spread upon the records.

JONATHAN S. TAYLOE, Ch'm.
WILLIAM P. GURLEY, Sec'y.

The Selma (Ala.) *Times* states that it is informed on good authority that large landholders in Greene county, in that State, are offering to give the use of their plantations to any one that will agree to pay taxes on them.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Our Noon Dispatches.

SENATOR THOMAS, OF MARYLAND.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20, M.

The following Republican senators voted in favor of the admission of Senator Thomas, viz: Messrs. Anthony, Cole, Fessenden, Frelinghuysen, Grimes, Ross, Tipton, Trumbull, Van Winkle, Willey and Williams.

[Senator Thomas, it is known, is one of the new Senators from Maryland, who can take the test oath. He is rejected, and the sovereignty of Maryland outraged, because he is a Democrat. *Sentinel.*]

LIQUOR LAW IN MASSACHUSETTS.

BOSTON, Feb. 20, M.

Gov. Bullock has vetoed the bill repealing the liquor law.

NEW JERSEY WITHDRAWS.

TRENTON, Feb. 20, M.

The New Jersey Senate has withdrawn its assent to the 14th. Article—Howard Amendment—by a vote of 11 to 7.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20, M.

Sterling 9½. 1881 Bonds 11¼. Gold 4.40½.

Flour firm—5@10 lower

Mess pork 24.12½

Cotton firmer 24½@24¾.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 20, M.

Yesterday evening, Cotton closed firm and active. Uplands 9¼. Orleans 10. Sales of 20,000 bales. To-day still buoyant.

Our Midnight Dispatches.

CONGRESS.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20, P. M.

HOUSE.—The Committee on Foreign Affairs reported a bill, regarding Americans abroad. It gives naturalized citizens the same protection as native born, and authorizes the President to make retaliatory arrests.

McClung, Chairman of the Committee on Southern Railroads, reported that they had elicited incidental evidence of fraud in Southern mail contracts. The matter was referred to the Committee on Postal Expenditures with power to send for persons and papers.

A bill naturalizing Foreigners, who had enlisted in the army or navy, p ssed.

The Reconstruction Committee reported a bill, removing the disabilities of certain parties.

The army appropriation bill passed.

SENATE.—A remonstrance against the admission of Colorado was presented.

The House Supplemental Bill was taken up.—After argument and various suggestions, Mr. Davis moved to amend, by repealing the Reconstruction Acts, and spoke at length when the Senate adjourned.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20, P. M.

The President has revoked the order, assigning Gen. Sherman to the command of the Department of the Atlantic, with Headquarters at Washington.

The Democratic Committee is nearly full.—Probabilities favor St. Louis as the place of meeting of the Convention.

Revenue to-day $283,000.

The Committee have determined to renew the municipal charter for the year, in order to test more fully universal suffrage.

VIRGINIA CONVENTION.

RICHMOND, Feb. 20, P. M.

The Convention, this morning, received a lot of pamphlets from Washington, arguing Grant's unfitness for the Presidency, it was distributed on the members' desks. A member denounced it as an insult to a majority of the members, of whom Grant was the choice for President.

After an explanation, on behalf of the Sergeant-at-Arms, the matter was passed by.

A Conservative member from Culpepper was declared ineligible. He was the successful competitor of Jno. M. Botts.

The rest of the day was spent in discussing the Enffrage question.

SOUTH CAROLINA CONVENTION.

CHARLESTON, Feb. 10, P. M.

Nothing was done in the Convention to-day.

It is understood, to-day that Gen. Canby has removed the Mayor of this City and appointed Gen. Burns, U. S. A., in his stead.

The reasons for this change are not yet known.

GEORGIA CONVENTION.

ATLANTA, Feb. 20, P. M.

In the Convention, to-day, the report of the Homestead Committee was presented. It allows $2,500 worth of real property and $2 000 worth of personal property, secure from writ or execution.

Gen. Ruger, Prov. Governor, and Capt. Rockwell, Prov. Treasurer, of Georgia, visited the Convention.

FLORIDA CONVENTION.

TALLAHASSEE, Feb. 20, P. M.

The reorganized Convention continues harmonious.

The following articles of the Constitution was reported to-day and ordered to be printed: Judicial Executive, Administrative, Homestead, Public Institutions, Finance, Education and Militia.

Richards, the late President of the Convention, and Saunders, negro member, both expelled, started for Washington, to-day, with the Constitution made by their faction.

No further trouble resulted from the negro shooting affray on yesterday.

At a negro political meeting, at the African Church, last night, violent speeches were made by the expelled members of the Convention, denouncing any Constitution other than that formed by the minority.

Saunders designated Gen. Meade as a scalawag.

INDIANA RADICALS.

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 20, P. M.

The State Convention have unanimously endorsed Grant and Colfax.

DEMOCRATIC VICTORY.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., Feb. 20, P. M.

The Democrats have carried this town for the first time in fifteen years.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Feb. 20, P. M.

Cotton opened active and excited and fully half a cent higher; closed dull. Sales of 13,000 bales at 24½—closing at 24.

Turpentine 65@66. Rosin 3@7.

Gold a little firmer

BALTIMORE, Feb. 20, P. M.

Cotton excited.

Flour and Wheat unchanged.

WILMINGTON, Feb. 20, P. M.

Spirits Turpentine firmer, at 60. Rosin advanced. Strained and No. 2 2,50; No. 1 2,75; Pale 4,87½.

Cotton advanced and firm. Middling 22.

Some men wonder that there should be so much feeling against the Reconstruction Conventions in the South; but when one recalls how few men are in them who are creditably identified with the South, it is not so much matter of surprise. The scenes enacted in these Conventions, the ignorance displayed, the intrusive self-conceit, the pharisaical protestations of loyalty, are themselves enough to disgust thoughtful citizens everywhere.—*Wash. Express, (neutral.)*

State Conservative Convention, At Raleigh, Feb. 5th and 6th, 1868.

STATE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Hon. THOS BRAGG, RALEIGH, *Chairman.*

RESIDENT COMMITTEE AT RALEIGH.

Hon A S Merrimon.
" Daniel G Fowle.
Gen W R Cox
Seaton Gales, Esq.
J P H Rus, Esq.
M A Bledsoe, Esq.
R C Badger, *Secretary.*

FIRST DISTRICT.

Hon W N H Smith, Hertford.
William A Moore, Chowan.
Mills L Eure, Gates.

SECOND DISTRICT.

Henry R Bryan, Craven.
Geo V Strong, Wayne.
Thos S Kenan, Duplin.

THIRD DISTRICT.

Hon Geo Howard, Edgecombe.
Jos J Davis, Franklin.
Gen M W Ransom, Northampton.

FOURTH DISTRICT.

Hon J M Leach, Davidson.
Livingston Brown, Caswell.
Jas T Morehead, Jr., Guilford.

FIFTH DISTRICT.

Col E D Hall, New Hanover.
Archibald McLean, Cumberland.
Hon Thos S Ashe, Anson.

SIXTH DISTRICT.

R F Armfield, Wilkes.
W M Robbins, Rowan.
Hon J H Wilson, Mecklenburg.

SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Plato Durham, Cleaveland.
A C Avery, Burke.
M L McCorkle, Catawba.

EIGHTH DISTRICT.

R M Stokes, Buncombe.
Cassius Gudger, Macon.
W L Love, Haywood.

National Democratic Convention.

DELEGATES.

Hon. W. N. H. Smith,
Gen. W. R. Cox,
W. A. Wright, Esq.,
Jno. F. Hoke, Esq.,

ALTERNATES.

Jno. Hughes, Esq.,
Jno. A. Gilmer, Jr.,
A. C. Cowles, Esq.
Hon. A. T. Davidson.

A PLAN OF ORGANIZATION.

STATE ORGANIZATION.

A State Committee, to consist of a Chairman and thirty members,—six of whom shall reside in Raleigh, and three in each judicial district—to be appointed by this State Convention.

The Committee shall have power to maintain its organization, by filling vacancies, &c., and shall take charge of all matters relating to organization, registration, &c., and a proper canvass of the State.

DISTRICT ORGANIZATION.

The members of the State Committee in each judicial district shall constitute a district Committee for their respective districts and shall appoint a Chairman, and shall take charge of all matters relating to county organization, &c., in their respective districts; and shall report all matters relating thereto, to the Chairman of the State Committee.

COUNTY ORGANIZATION.

It is recommended that each County, by popular meetings or through the medium of existing organizations, appoint a County Committee, to consist of at least two persons from each Captain's District within its limits.

The County Committee shall take charge of all matters of registration, local organization, &c., within the County, and are requested to make monthly reports to the Chairman of the District Committee, and, when necessary, to inform him of such local matters as may require the attention of the District Committee.

It is further recommended that each County Committee cause to be enrolled the names of all the registered voters of their county, who are willing to act and vote with this organization—no man to be thus enrolled without his express consent; and, also, that they cause to be enrolled on a separate list the names of all those who are entitled to register, but who have not done so, and that they use every exertion to secure their registration and active co-operation.

Resolved, That the President of the Convention appoint five or more persons, in each County, to make a thorough canvass of the same, and disseminate proper political information.

DECLARATION OF PRINCIPLES.

The Conservative people of North Carolina having, by their delegates, assembled in Convention at Raleigh, on the 5th. of February, 1868, to consider the present anomalous condition of the State, and of the country, and to consult together upon the grievances which now afflict and threaten them, and the course of action proper to be adopted in the trying circumstances which surround them, do resolve and declare

1. Our unalterable devotion to the principles of Constitutional liberty and our fealty to the government of the United States, as set forth in the Federal Constitution. That we sincerely and in good faith accept the legitimate and legal results of the late war, and do hereby reiterate our oft repeated declaration, that we most heartily desire peace and concord with our sister States and with the entire people of the United States.

2. *Resolved*, That regarding the Constitution of the United States as the source of all power in the administration of the government, and that the powers of the Executive, Legislative and Judicial departments are equal and co ordinate, as defined by that instrument, we do respectfully and solemnly protest against the enforcement upon our people of the Reconstruction Acts and policy of Congress, as unconstitutional, unwise and destructive to society, and violative of that great principle of American politics, that each State shall have the exclusive control of its own internal affairs.

3. *Resolved*, That it is the opinion of this Convention, that the great and all absorbing issue, now soon to be presented to the people of the State, is negro suffrage and negro equality, if not supremacy, and whether hereafter in North Carolina and the South, the white man is to be placed politically, and, as a consequence, socially, upon a footing of equality with the negro, and, in many localities, subject to his government as a superior. That we are utterly opposed to such change in our government and in our social relations, and that we do hereby earnestly recommend to the people of the State to manfully meet the issue now attempted to be forced upon them, and to use every proper means within their power to avert the impending mischief.

4. *Resolved*, That while we are unalterably opposed to political and social equality with the black race, we yet have no unjust prejudicies against that race; that we are determined, by just laws, to protect them fully in all their civil rights, and to confer upon them all privileges which can be done consistently with the safety and welfare of both races.

5. *Resolved*, That the distressed and impoverished condition of our people earnestly demands the speediest and wisest measures of relief that the Legislature can devise.

6. *Resolved*, That this Convention recognizes, with feelings of gratitude, the heroic and patriotic efforts of the President of the United States, to restore the Union and harmony and good will among the American people.

7. *Resolved*, That this Convention regards the Supreme Court of the United States as the legitimate expounder, in the last resort, of the Constitution—and believe that its rights and powers, in that respect, should be preserved intact, as established by law in the earlier and better days of the Republic, and that any serious impairment thereof, by legislation or otherwise, will be destructive to the best interests of the country, and dangerous to the liberties of the people.

8. *Resolved*, That despairing of any restoration of the Southern States under the conduct of that organization which now controls the proceedings of Congress, waiving all former party feeling and prejudice, this Convention does most unhesitatingly recommend and invite the hearty co-operation of all the good people of North Carolina with the Democrats and Conservative men of the North and West, who are now nobly struggling for the maintenance of the Constitution of the United States and the restoration of the Southern States to their rights in the Union on the solid foundation of harmony and peace.

9. *Resolved*, That this Convention elect four delegates and four alternates, for the State at large, to represent the Conservative people of North Carolina in the next Democratic National Convention, and that it recommend to the Conservative people of the several Congressional Districts, to appoint delegates at an early day to represent them in said Convention.

10. *Resolved*, That when an election shall be ordered for the ratification of a new State Constitution, the Executive Committee for the State, which has been appointed by this Convention, be instructed, if the time shall be sufficient, to call a Convention of the Conservative people of the State, to put in nomination candidates for the various State offices whose election shall then be ordered; and if there shall not be sufficient time to call said Convention, to put in nomination sound Conservative men for said offices.

COUNTY CANVASSERS.

Alamance County.—Dr. John A. Moore, James A. Graham, James E. Boyd, George Patterson, Sr., T. M. Holt.

Anson.—Thomas S. Ashe, Arch'd. Niven, C. R. Liles, W. G. Smith, W. P. Kendall.

Beaufort.—Thomas Sparrow, Joseph B Stickney, Churchill Gorham, P. B. Satterthwaite, Edward S. Marsh.

Burke.—Thos. G. Walton, S. C. W. Tate, Dr. David Berry, Andrew Shuford, Jno. E. Merrill.

Brunswick.—Capt. D. E. Allen, Samuel R. Chipnis, Col. S. D. Thurston, Thos. Drew, Asa Ross.

Bladen.—Rev. Colin Shaw, George Cromartie, Jno. A. Richardson, Thos. H. Sutton and J. W. Purdie, Esqrs.

Cabarrus.—William S. Harris, John M Long, Dr. L. S. Bingham, Dr. F. M. Henderson, Frank Rogers, Samuel Peary, P. B. Means.

Caldwell.—Maj. W. H. Malone, Gen. F. Patterson, Edward W. Jones, Rev. Isaac Oxford, R. H. Moody.

Chatham.—M. Q. Waddell, John Manning, Jr., H. A. Loudon, Jr., B. J. Howze, James F. Rives.

Carteret.—Dr. L. W. Martin, L. S. Oglesby, John M. Perry, Samuel Leffers, Ben. H. Bell.

Catawba.—Dr. Ellis, Dr. Turner Abernathy, Jonas Cline, G. James, Capt. Helton, A J Whitner, J H Bruns, Samuel Tucker, Wesley Bandy, Daniel Deal, Capt. M. P. Sherrill, George Yoder.

Caswell.—Bedford Brown, John Kerr, Thomas Donoho, S. P. Hill, G. W. Thompson.

Columbus.—John W. Ellis, W. J. Stanley, Fourney George, V. V. Richardson, J. M. McGougan.

Cleveland.—Lee M McAfee, J W Gidney, M D Lee, H Cabaniss, A R Homesly.

Craven.—Henry R. Bryan, Alexander C. Latham, Wm. C. Snead, John Hughes, Dr. P. E. Hines, H. T. Guion, Alex. Justice.

Currituck.—Dr. W. H. Lassell, Burwell M. Baxter, James M. Woodhouse, William Shaw, T. C. Humphreys.

Camden.—Col. D. D. Perebee, Dr. Mullen, C. G. Luke, W. B. Perebee and Willis Sanderlin.

Davidson.—C. F. Lowe, Henry Walser, Sr., F. C. Robbins, J. H. Welborn, M. H Pinnix, S. S. Jones.

Duplin.—Prof. N. B. Webster, Col. Wm. A. Allen, Capt. A. J. Brown, Wm. R. Ward, J. D. Stanford, J. E. Hussey.

Gaston.—W. T. Shipp, Edmund Wilkes, Robt. Holland, Col. Wm. Stowe, Eph. Black.

Granville.—Col. J. S. Amis, R. A. Jenkins, N. E. Cannady, W. H. P. Jenkins, T. L. Hargrove.

Guilford.—Peter Adams, Sr., David F. Caldwell, Rev. Calvin H. Wiley, Nereus Mendenhall, Samuel Rankin, Jr.

Halifax.—Edward Conigland, Mason L. Wiggins, Dr. Henry Meade, R. H. Smith, William H. Day.

Hertford.—J. J. Yeates, Dr. G. C. Moore, Dr. R. H. Shields, Dr. R. H Smith, J. B. Slaughter.

Iredell.—Thos. A. Nicholson, J. H. Hill, R. A. McLaughlin, R. R. Dumpster, Colonel John Mott.

Jones.—R. R. Jones, C. B. Koonce, E. S. Franks, H. C. Foscue, F. Foy, E. M. Foscue.

Johnston.—J. H. Abell, L. R. Waddell, C. B. Sanders, W. H. Avera, Seth Woodall, Edw. S. Parker.

Lenoir.—Dr. H. W. Blount, J. C. Wooten, A. Munroe, G. F. Whitfield, Wm. J. Pape.

Lincoln.—W. J. Hoke, D. Schenck, W. A. Graham, W. F. Hynes, J. A. Caldwell.

Mecklenburg (in part.)—Hon. Z. B. Vance, Hon. J. W. Osborne, Col. H. C. Jones, Hon. J. H. Wilson, Gen. J. A. Young, Col. Wm. Johnston.

McDowell.—Gen. Alney Burgin, A. M. Erwin, W. W. Fleming, Dr. John Yancey, Dr. McCoy.

Moore.—Gen. D Dowd, Dr Jno Shaw, Capt James D McIver, Capt George Wilcox, Doctor H Turner.

Northampton.—Gen T J Person, R H Peebles, Dr J C Jacobs, N Thomas Mason, W W Peebles, Dr W S Copeland.

Orange.—Jones Watson, John F. Lyon, W. W. Goss, John W. Graham, R. F. Webb.

Onslow.—John W. Shackleford, E. W. Fonville, Henry H. Sandlin, M. L. F. Rhead, W. F. Ward.

Pitt.—E C Yellowley, Dr. C. J. O'Hagan, G W Johnson, Henry Shepherd, W. R. Williams, Jesse Stancill, Abram Cox, L. G. Little.

Richmond.—B F Little, W D Townsend, James T Rosier, James P Leak, John Johnson.

Robeson.—John Leach, N A McLean, Giles Leitch, John H McEachen, Thomas Morrisey.

Rowan.—P E Shober, W H Bailey, Kerr Craige, W A Hauck, Isaac M Shaver, T W Keen, Richard Cowan, Jno. K. Graham,

Rutherford.—I. P Erwin, J M Whiteside, Joseph Carson, W H Miller, Dr Thomas S Duffy.

Stanly.—Col A A McKoy, William S Devane, R C Hobson, Dr A C Bizzell, Dr J S Murphy.

Surry.—H M Waugh, H C Hampton, — Gilmer, Dr Joseph Hollingsworth, N H Gwyn.

Wayne.—C S Wooten, George V Strong, William G Morisey, E A Wright, Gray C. Garris.

Wilkes.—Dr C L Cooke, Dr James Calloway, E A Welbourne, Dr Tyre York, Phineas Horton.

Wake.—Charles M Busbee, J Q DeCarteret, Jesse A Norris, George Whiting, Jacob Fleming, R W York, Jesse Winburn, G H Alford, Col. Geo. H. Faribault.

Warren.—Col W J Green, Col W A Jenkins, E J Plummer, P R Davis, B M Collins.

Yadkin.—William A. Robey, J Williams, Sr., Joseph Dobson, Aquila Speer, E C Boughton.

Greensboro' Money Market.

BUYING RATES OF BANK NOTES, &c.

WILSON & SHOBER, BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS, SOUTH ELM STREET, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Bank of N. C.	50c
" Cape Fear	25
" Charlotte	25
" Wadesboro	25
" Wilmington	50
" Roxboro	60
" Thomasville	60
" Lexington at Graham	25
" " Lexington	20
" Commerce	17
" Clarendon	4
" Fayetteville	11
" Washington	7
" Yanceyville	5
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	62
Farmers' Bank of Greensboro	27
Miners' and Planters' Bank	25
Commercial Bank of Wilmington	26
Greensboro Mutual Ins. Co.	6
Virginia Bank Notes average about	28
South Carolina "	15
Georgia "	25

We buy and sell at liberal prices, Gold and Silver, North Carolina Bonds, United States Bonds and all other marketable stocks.

Orders for Bank notes by debtors and Stockholders of Banks will receive prompt attention.

Remittances by express packages of Bank notes $5, will be made on the day received, by check on New York or Baltimore, or in currency, as desired.

Life and Fire Insurance Policies issued in good Companies, at best rates.

Oct. 20-288-3m

Raleigh Money Market.

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES:

Bank of N. C., (Gold 25) (Silver 26) G. B.	50
" Cape Fear	26
" Charlotte	29
" Lexington, at Graham	24
" Roxborough	61
" Wadesborough	25
" Thomasville	60
" Wilmington	26
" Commerce	17
" Washington	8
" Fayetteville	10
" Cleveden	4
" Yanceyville	5
Miners' and Planter's Bank	40
Farmers' Bank, Greensborough	24
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	29
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	50
Greensborough Mutual	5
Virginia Bank-Notes, about	25
South Carolina "	22
G orgia "	25
Gold	138
Silver	130
Old Coupons	43
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	87½
Old States	50
Exchange on New York	¼

RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK OF NORTH CAROLINA.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

H. W. PULLIAM, President.

W. H. WILLARD, GEO. W. SWEPSON,
A. S. MERRIMON, W. J. HAWKINS.

W. B. GULICK, Cashier.
C. J. IREDELL, Teller.

Deals in Bills of Exchange, Sight Drafts, Gold and Silver Coin, and Government and other securities.

Uncurrent Bank Notes bought at highest prices. Packages sent by Express will be remitted for promptly, in currency, or in New York funds at par.

PRICE CURRENT FEB. 7, 1868.

Bank of Cape Fear	27
" Charlotte	28
" Clarendon	3
" Commerce	17
" Fayetteville	11
" Lexington, (old.)	19
" " (new)	10
" Lexington, payable at Graham	24
" North Carolina	50
" Roxboro'	60
" Thomasville	60
" Wadesboro'	25
" Washington	7
" Yanceyville	5
" Wilmington	26
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	26
Farmer's Bank of North Carolina, (old.)	27
" " (new)	10
Greensboro' Mutual Insurance Co.	6
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	62
Miner's & Planter's Bank	38

Jan 16-135-tf

PROVISION MARKET.

CORRECTED BY JORDAN WOMBLE, GROCER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT.

BACON	18@20
BALT. & WESTERN	19@17
BEEF ON HOOF	8@10
" NEAT	10@20
BUTTER	25@40
COTTON	17@20
CHICKENS, Spring	40@45
" Grown	25@30
CORN	1 25@1 40
COFFEE	25@40
EGGS	25@30
FLOUR	10@16
FODDER	1 25@1 50
HIDES	9@10
" Green	8c per lb.
" Dry	12½@15
HAY	1 10@1 25 pr. cwt.
LARD	16@20
MEAL	1 35@1 50
MOLASSES	55@75
NAILS	14@16
PEAS—Black	1 25@1 50
" White	1 50@2 00
POTATOES—Irish	1 50@2 50
" Sweet	75@90
RAGS	4@5
SALT—Fine	4 00@4 25
" Ground	3 00@3 50
SUGAR	13@22
TALLOW	10@12½
VINEGAR	35@75
MULLETS	5 50@6 00

REMARKS.

Cotton—Large supply in market. We quote also to-day (Thursday) at 19 and 20 for best quality; 17 and 18 for common.

Quiet scarce. We quote sales from 11½ to 13.

L. BRANSON, Ag't N. C. Business Directory. J. S JONES

BRANSON & JONES,

SUCCESSORS TO

Branson, Farrar & Co.,

CONTINUE THE BOOK BUSINESS AT THE same stand, near Tucker Hall, and still keep on hand a supply of

BOOKS AND STATIONERY,

at reduced prices.

Consignments of second hand Law and Miscellaneous Books solicited.

Particular attention paid to orders.

Jan 29-149-tf BRANSON & JONES, Raleigh, N. C.

White Meal and White Corn.

JUST in Store and for sale.

Feb 5-150-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

SPECIAL NOTICES

A Cough, a Cold, or a Sore Throat.

requires immediate attention, and should be checked. If allowed to continue,

Irritation of the Lungs, a Permanent Throat Disease, or Consumption,

is often the result.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES,

Having a direct influence to the parts, give immediate relief. For Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumptive and Throat Diseases, Troches are used with always good success.

Singers and Public Speakers use them to clear and strengthen the voice.

OBTAIN only "Brown's Bronchial Troches," and do not take any of the Worthless Imitations that may be offered. SOLD EVERYWHERE.

Oct. 28—69-eod1y

JUST RECEIVED AT M. ROSENBAUM'S 75 Pieces, the choicest Brands, of BLEACHED AND UNBLEACHED SHIRTINGS AND SHEETINGS.

To be sold at lowest market rates.

Feb 13-163-tf

MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY.

A Essay for Young Men on the Crimes of Solitude, and the DISEASES and ABUSES which create impediments to MARRIAGE, with safe means of relief. Sent by sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa.

Feb 1-149-dawlm.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP.

FOR CHILDREN TEETHING, GREATLY FACILITATES the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay ALL PAIN and spasmodic action, and is SURE TO REGULATE THE BOWELS. Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and

Relief and Health to your Infants.

We have put up and sold this article for years, and can say in CONFIDENCE AND TRUTH of it what we have never been able to say of any other medicine—NEVER HAS IT FAILED in a single instance to EFFECT A CURE, when timely used. Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary, all are delighted with its operation, and speak in terms of commendation of its magical effects and medical virtue. We speak in this matter "WHAT WE DO KNOW," after years of experience, and PLEDGE OUR REPUTATION FOR THE FULFILMENT OF WHAT WE HERE DECLARE. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in fifteen or twenty minutes after the Syrup

DAILY SENTINEL.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1868

PLAIN TALK.

During the debate in the Georgia Convention, on Friday, upon the qualifications for voting, Mr. J. D. Waddell made a bold and manly speech. We take the following report of it from the Atlanta *Intelligencer*:

Mr. President:—It was not my intention to trouble the Convention with a single word upon the subject immediately before us; and I should not now, but for some remarks which fell from the delegate from Richmond, (Mr. Bryant.) He complained because allusion had been made to the fact that some of the *conspicuous* delegates of this Convention—those offenest on the floor—were recent residents of Georgia, and intimated that in consequence of that fact a prejudice was endeavored to be kindled against those delegates of North-ern birth. I have sat in this Convention nearly forty days, and I appeal to those around me to know if twenty ill-natured *flings* have not been made at Georgians where one even respectful allusion has been made to New Englanders. Four-fifths of the white people of Georgia were rebels, 'so called,' and not a day has been suffered to pass when those "rebels" have not been denounced, in some shape or form, by those who have assumed the task of "ingrafting upon the stock of Georgia *ignorance* New England ideas and New England civiliza tion." They seem to have an intense loath ing for those who bore part in the struggle for liberty—they denounce them as rebels and traitors. No terms of reproach are rigorous enough to characterize them by—no punishment is severe enough to inflict upon them. When we fell them we have surrendered in good faith—we have lain down our arms upon the honor of soldiers—we have abandoned what they call the "heresy of secession"—henceforth we *mean* to stand by the Union under the Constitution—it is all to no purpose, all without avail. They are not content. They are greedy for the pound of flesh; nothing short of our ruin, degradation, eternal disgrace, will appease or satisfy them.

Now, sir, I have borne vituperation long enough. I am not ashamed of my record. There never was a moment, since the date of my political accountability, when I was not true to the great principles of popular liberty as laid down in the Constitution of the United States. It was precisely because I conceived that that Constitution was practically overthrown, that its principles were in jeopardy, that its spirit and essence were violated by the election, to the office of President of the United States, of a sectional candidate upon a sectional platform, that I espoused the cause of Georgia. Through her sovereign voice, she commanded me to avouch my ballot with my sword. I bowed to her high mandate. Georgia made me a citizen of the United States. I conceived she had the right to absolve my citizenship. She commanded me to defend her; the Federal Government commanded me to crush her. I could not obey both masters. I elected without hesitation, in obedience to the instincts of my nature, to stand by Georgia, the home of my childhood and manhood; the graves of my neighbors and friends; the altars of my kindred; the honored ashes of him whose name I bear. Of whom shall I be afraid? Of what shall I be ashamed? Let me here speak one word for myself alone, and if my voice could reach to the uttermost boundary of creation, creation should hear the declaration. To-day, poor as I am, I would not exchange the memory of the part I bore, humble as that part was, in the noble struggle of Georgia to be free, for the crown the Bourbon lost. I would not exchange the memory of my poor part at Manassas, Gettysburg, and Chickamauga, and a dozen other proud but melancholy fields, for the best hope I have. If I erred, it was on the side of my State and my section; and error, if one it be, that stands recorded in Heaven's Chancery upon mercy's page. I erred, too, in company with the best, the brightest and bravest of my State. I erred with men whose names are garnered up in her heart, whose valor shed unfading lustre upon her arms, whose fame is among the jewels of her crown and over whose hero dust her most precious tears have been shed."

Mr. Baldwin here interrupted by inquiring whether Mr. Waddell still held to secession.

Mr. Waddell—Secession was settled by the war. I accepted the result. When I surrendered my sword, I surrendered that doctrine. I surrendered to General Grant, who is a man of honor, and has kept his pledge. I have kept, and mean to keep mine. Would that I could say as much for some of his supporters here. My honor was pledged, and that is unstained. But I will not sit silently by and hear the memory of those who perished in the effort to make our cause glorious, calumniated. Those Christian heroes, Tom Cobb and Stonewall Jackson, who baptized your cause and mine, Mr. President, in their blood—who sacrificed life in maintaining it, over whose graves glory weeps—they are denounced by a party on this floor as traitors to the country, while Butler, the Beast, who incited a ruffian soldiery at New Orleans to violate defenceless females—who went there a bankrupt in fortune, as he is now a bankrupt in fame—who grew rich by plunder, robbery, rapine and theft—he is now a patriot! Put me down among the traitors!"

Here a large number of delegates on the "other side of the house" rose to their feet, looking horrified. They knew well that they possessed the numerical strength to crush the speaker by force, and consequent ly they were furious to pounce upon him. Some had questions to ask, and others had points of order; but, to the eternal credit of A. Alpsoria Bradley, be it said that he never moved, and contented himself with an occasional sneer (intended for a smile, no doubt,) and a few slight but ominous shakes of the head. Alas! the arch "rebel" had to succumb to the pressure, and he took his seat, like all "rebels" do—overpowered, but not conquered.

PASS HIM AROUND.—Our exchanges in this State, North Carolina, Georgia, Florida and Tennessee will confer a favor and render assistance in the capture of a notorious thief, by stating that Bob Thompson, a mulatto, escaped from custody on the 6th instant, by jumping from the passenger train on the Greenville and Columbia railroad, between Alston and Littleton. He is about 25 years of age, five feet six or seven inches high, blind in one eye and the lid partly closed; has very black hair resembling that of an Indian, and cut short; he is cowhid r ably marked by small-pox, especially on his nose. He is a well known burglar and horse thief, and has broken open several stores and stolen horses in this State and Florida. Had on a pair of hand-cuffs when last heard from. A reward of forty dollars is offered for him by John R. Cochran, of this place, and any person arresting him will confer a favor by notifying him at once. Newspapers copying this notice and calling his attention will be literally rewarded.—*Anderson (S. C.) Intelligencer.*

A descendant of Martin Luther, the Great Reformer, is now living in Hagerstown, Md. He is of the eighth generation in regular descent from his distinguished ancestor.

A PARSON'S VIEW OF THE SITUATION.

An English traveller gives the following account of a conversation with a negro in Alabama:

"A gentleman of color, working on one of the boats on the Alabama river, was asked the other day whether he was best off now or before he was free. He scratched his wool and said: 'Wall, when I tumbled overboard before, the captain he stopped the ship, and put back and picked me up and then gave me a glass of hot whiskey and water, and then they gave me twenty lashes for falling overboard. But now if I'd tumble overboard, the captain he'd say, What's dat nigh! only dat dam nigger—go ahead.'

Andrew Johnson may be defined a man with a personal grievance. He is continually having an adjournment question of veracity with somebody.—*Springfield (Ill.) Republican.*

There was no adjournment of the late question of veracity between him and Grant. It was very effectually settled at once—and it was Grant.

LIFE INSURANCE.

The Arlington Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF VIRGINIA.

A VIRGINIA AND SOUTHERN INSTITUTION. ITS FUNDS ARE KEPT IN THE SOUTH. IT HAS MET WITH UNPRECEDENTED SUCCESS.

ITS FORTUNES ARE ESTABLISHED BEYOND ANY CONTINGENCY.

The Company has capital and assets, against its liability, that will compare favorably with any Life Insurance Company on the continent, which is the true test of responsibility.

Its affairs are cautiously administered by selected Directors, of responsibility and business capacity.

It has established its claim to Southern Patronage.

OFFICERS:

PRESIDENT,

JOHN E. EDWARDS,

VICE PRESIDENT, Wm. B. Isaacs. SECRETARY, D. J. Hartsook.

MEDICAL EXAMINER,

CHARLES H. SMITH, M. D.

LEGAL ADVISER, H. C. Cabell. GENERAL AGENT, Jno. H. Claiborne

DIRECTORS:

John Enders, William F. Taylor, Samuel S. Cottrell, John Dooley, Charles T. Wortham, William Willis, Jr., E. A. Smith, Thos. J. Evans, James A. Scott, B. M. Quarles, W. H. Tyler, J. E. Edwards, A. Y. Stokes, J. B. Morton, R. H. Dibrell, William H. Palmer, Henry E. Ellyson, Asa Snyder, H. E. C. Baskerville, Samuel C. Tardy, George Jacobs, J. W. Allison, George S. Palmer, A. D. Cheek, Jr., H. C. Cabell, D. J. Hartsook, John C. Williams, William G. Taylor, A. P. Abell, W. B. Isaacs, George L. Bidgood, Samuel M. Price.

LEWIS C. HANES, Ag't. Lexington N. C.

Jan. 28-146-tf

DRY GOODS.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

ALL COME TO

CREECH'S!!!

SECOND GRAND OPENING OF FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

I AM NOW RECEIVING MY SECOND STOCK of Staple and Fancy

DRY GOODS.

My stock is LARGE and COMPLETE, and bought since the decline, and I am happy to say to my friends and customers that I can, and will, sell them Goods CHEAPER than they have bought them since the war.

Keep it Before the People,

That no House in the City can or will sell Goods cheaper than I will.

My House is a live House, and I do a LIVE BUSINESS.

COME TO CREECH'S

To buy your Goods.

I buy NEW Goods and GOOD STYLES, and will sell them at PRICES to meet the hard times. Just received,

40 Cases Boots and Shoes,

And will be sold at prices to suit you.

Don't Forget to Come to Creech's

Before you buy your Goods. I will treat you right.

A. CREECH,

R. Smith's corner, Fayetteville St.

Nov. 28-97-tf

LOOK OUT FOR BARGAINS,

AT

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S!

YOU MAY FIND

NEW GOODS

Just Received at LOW PRICES.

Our friends shall have deals as cheap as they can be bought at any other House

BARGAINS WILL BE GIVEN:

SUCH AS PRINTS AT 12½ TO 15;

And all DRESS GOODS in proportion

A good stock of Goods for Boys and Men; N. C. CASSIMERES and JEANS &c

At the old stand of

S. H. YOUNG.

Nov 28-96-tf

WHISKEY! WHISKEY!!

FIVE BARRELS CORN WHISKEY

PROOF

For sale Cheap

BY

Feb 14-152-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Snuff, Snuff.

A LARGE supply, in large and small bladders. Also, in paper and bottles, of manufacturer's prices.

Feb 13-151-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

N. C. Herrings.

SOUND and good, at $5 per Bbl. Also, No. 1, Shore Mackerel.

Feb 13-151-tf W. H JONES & CO.

NIGHT SENTINELS,

TO GUARD your premises, at night, for sale by

Feb 5-150-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Best Blood Purifier in the WORLD.

DR. J. AWRENCE'S

CELEBRATED

ROSADALIS,

FOR THE CURE OF

SCROFULA, IN ALL ITS FORMS,

SUCH AS

CONSUMPTION IN ITS EARLY STAGES, ENLARGEMENT AND ULCERATION OF THE GLANDS, JOINTS, BONES, LIVER, KIDNEYS, &c.; RHEUMATISM, WHITE SWELL ING, MERCURIAL AFFECTIONS, SORE EYES, OLD SORES, DISEASES PECULIAR TO FEMALES, ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN, GENERAL BAD HEALTH,

AND ALL OTHER DISEASES CAUSED

By an Impure State of the Blood.

The following, among many hundreds of our best citizens, testify to its wonderful efficacy.

Home Certificates from Physicians.

We know Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis to be a safe and RELIABLE Alterative, &c., and take pleasure in recommending it to the profession and the public.

A. D. MOORE, M. D.,
L. A. SMITH, M. D.,
J. H. WINSTEAD, M. D.
H. G. BARHAM, M. D.,
W. A. DUGGAN, M. D.,
E. BARNES, M. D.,
R. W. KING, M. D.,
S. WOODARD, M. D.
W. T. BREWER, M. D.

January 7th, 1868.

I hereby certify that I am personally acquainted with the above named Physicians, and they are all gentlemen of respectability and standing in this community.

T. C. DAVIS, Mayor of Wilson, N. C.

☞ The ROSADALIS thoroughly eradicates every kind of humor and bad taint, and restores the entire system to a healthy condition.

☞ IT IS PERFECTLY HARMLESS, never producing the slightest injury.

☞ It is not a Secret Quack Remedy. The articles of which it is made are published around each bottle, and it is used and endorsed by the Leading Physicians everywhere it is known.

PREPARED ONLY BY

J. J. LAWRENCE, M. D., Chemist,

BALTIMORE, Md.,

(Late of Wilson, North Carolina.)

PRICE $1.50 PER BOTTLE.

☞ Sold WHOLESALE by all the principal WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS, in all the large cities of the United States and British America, and retail by Druggists everywhere.

All letters of inquiry, &c., promptly answered. Address

DR. J. J. Lawrence,

Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer,
29 Hanover Street, Baltimore, Md.

Jan 31-148-1y

WESTBROOK & CO.

PROPRIETORS OF THE

WESTBROOK NURSERIES,

GREENSBORO,' N. C.

KEEP constantly on hand, during the planting season, a splendid lot of

CHOICE FRUIT TREES AND GRAPE VINES

which they offer very low, for cash, or good produce.

NURSERY STORE, on Washington Street where patrons will receive prompt attention until the 1st. of April.

Send stamp for Catalogue, and Wholesale Price List of Grape Vines.

Address,

WESTBROOK & CO.

Box 66, Greensboro, N. C.

Jan 27-143-3m

APPLE BUTTER!

500 LBS. CHOICE N. C. APPLE BUTTER, in Kits, received this day.

Jan 28-134-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

GEO. L. TONNOFFSKI,

Grocer & Commission Merchant,

No. 31, FAYETTEVILLE ST.

(NEAR TUCKER HALL.)

KEEPS constantly on hand a well selected Stock of choice

Groceries, Confections, Fine Wines, Ales, Liquors, Cigars, &c.

Consignments solicited. Prompt returns made. Liberal advances given. Commissions light.

Jan 29-148-tf

Will be Sold Without Reserve!

AT

M. ROSENBAUM'S,

HIS ENTIRE STOCK OF GOODS,

One of the finest now in the State, consisting, in part, of

FANCY AND STAPLE

DRY GOODS,

SHAWLS, FURS, CLOAKS, WOOLEN GOODS, LADIES', MISSES', AND CHILDREN'S SHOES, HOSIERY, GLOVES, etc., etc.,

ALSO,

900 OVERCOATS

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

75 FINE BLACK DRESS COATS.

150 ASSORTED BEAVER, TRICOT, AND CASSIMERE BUSINESS SUITS.

300 PAIRS ASSORTED PANTS.

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,

GENT'S AND BOYS HATS AND CAPS.

BOOTS AND SHOES

of every description.

Traveling Bags, Valises and Trunks.

All of the above to be sold regardless of cost by

M. ROSENBAUM'S,

No. 18 Fayetteville St.

Jan 14-133-tf

GEO. SLOMAN, WITH M. ROSENBAUM, pays the highest price for FURS OF ALL KINDS.

Jan 14-133-tf

CHEESE! CHEESE!!

20 BOXES CHOICE FACTORY, JUST ARrived.

Jan 23-142-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

FOR RENT.

FOR the balance of the year, a HANDSOME RESIDENCE, well furnished, containing 8 Rooms. Furniture goes with the house. Good water, rich Garden, &c., &c.

Feb 8-155-tf W. H JONES & CO.

WANTED.

A SMALL FARM in the vicinity of Raleigh, with comfortable dwelling and necessary Out-houses. Furnish description—to be forwarded to the party desiring to purchase.

Jan 29-148-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

LIFE INSURANCE.

THE EQUITABLE

LIFE ASSURANCE

SOCIETY,

OF NEW YORK.

ASSETS OVER

$4,000,000:

ANNUAL INCOME

$2,500,000.

DIVIDENDS PAID TO POLICY HOLDERS, (NOT STOCKHOLDERS,) THIS YEAR OVER $600,000.

PURELY MUTUAL.

PROFITS DIVIDED ANNUALLY AMONG

POLICY HOLDERS.

THE EQUITABLE has grown more rapidly, since its organization, than any Life Insurance Company ever organized in America.

Its policies average larger in amount, than those of any other Company in the United States.

Applications for Agencies in North Carolina must be addressed to the General Agents.

MAJ. M. P. TAYLOR, Ag't, Wilmington.
DISOWAY & GUION, " Newbern.
ORREN WILLIAMS, " Tarboro'.
BURBANK & GALLAGHER, Agents, Washington.
BRENIZER, KELLOGG & Co. " Greensboro'.
E. NYE HUTCHISON & Co. " Salisbury.
HUTCHISON, BURROUGHS & CO. Charlotte N. C.,

Jan. 11—131-tf General Agents for N. C.

CLOTHING HOUSE.

R. B. ANDREWS & CO.

Invite attention to their

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

OF

Gentlemen's, Youth's and Boys'

CLOTHING

AND

FURNISHING GOODS.

20 Fayetteville St., opposite Tucker Hall,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Nov. 13—84-tf

JUST RECEIVED.

FINE BLACK DRESS SUITS.

MADE FROM SUPERIOR FRENCH CLOTHS, Cut, Trimmed and made as well as the best Merchant Tailor's ordered work, at a saving of from FIFTEEN to TWENTY DOLLARS a suit, —worth saving in these times.

FINE CLOTH SACKS,

FINE BEAVER SACKS,

Silk-Mixed Business Suits,

gotten up in our best style, at prices to suit the times

A fine variety of FINE DRESS SHIRTS always on hand, at

R. B. ANDREWS & CO'S,

Gents' Furnishing Store,

Oct. 16—69-tf Opposite Tucker Hall

HATS! HATS! HATS!

All the latest styles can be found at

R. B. ANDREWS & CO'S

Gent's Outfitting Rooms,

Nov. 13—84-tf Opposite Tucker Hall.

JUST RECEIVED.

SOLE LEATHER TRUNKS,

SOLE LEATHER VALISES,

MOROCCO AND LEATHER TRAVELING BAGS, in great variety,

At R. B. ANDREWS & Co's

Gent's Furnishing Rooms,

Nov. 13—84-tf Opposite Tucker Hall

MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR THE FALL TRADE.

Just received, a lot of ROCK ISLAND CASSIMERES AND JEANS, (North Carolina manufacture.)

Also, a small lot PRINTS, 4-4 Brown SHEETINGS, WHITE FLANNEL, &c.

Aug. 31—21-tf S. H. & W. J. YOUNG.

P. F. PESCUD,

GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT,

HAS REMOVED his office to his former Drug Store, where he will receive applications and issue Policies of Insurance against loss by Fire, at the lowest remunerative rates, in the following first-class Companies, viz:

Phœnix, of Hartford,
Atlantic, of Brooklyn,
Security, of New York,
Putnam, of Hartford,
Howe, of New Haven,
Valley of Virginia, Winchester,
Jefferson, of Virginia, and
The Underwriter's, Selma, Ala.

Their combined Capital and Assets exceeding $3,500,000.

LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED AND PAID.

Dec. 11—110-tf P. F. PESCUD, Ins. Agent.

GUILFORD LAND AGENCY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

LANDHOLDERS WHO WISH TO SELL

Agricultural or Mineral Lands, Water Powers, Mills, Town Lots, or Real Estate

of any kind, will find it to their advantage to place their property in our hands for sale.

We have great facilities for procuring purchasers for all such property.

For information, address

JNO. B. GRETTER,
General Agent,
Greensboro', N. C.

Or PHIL THIEM, Agent, Raleigh, N. C.

Oct. 31—72-tf

PROSPECTUS OF THE

WESTERN VINDICATOR.

ON or before the 1st. of March, prox. the undersigned will commence the publication of a weekly newspaper bearing the above title in the town of Rutherfordton N. C.

The WESTERN VINDICATOR, as its name signifies, will be devoted to the support of Western interests and the dissemination of useful intelligence, selected with especial reference to the wants of the section it will labor to represent.

Politically, it will, for the present, adhere to no party organization; but will give a cheerful support to all measures looking to the speedy restoration of the Union—the preservation of the Constitution *intact*—the supremacy of the white race and the perpetuity of Republican liberty in America.

The "Vindicator" will have a larger circulation in Rutherford, Polk and Cleaveland counties than any other newspaper. *Advertising rates low.* Terms $2 per annum.

R. A. SHOTWELL,

Feb 8-155-tf Rutherfordton, N. C

☞ Gentlemen of the Press will confer a favor by noticing, and putting us upon their exchange lists at once.

1868. 1868.

NEW ARRANGEMENT

FOR THE

SENTINEL.

Published in the City of Raleigh, N. C.,

Daily, Semi Weekly and Weekly.

William E. Pell, } Editors.
Seaton Gales, }

In view of the scarcity of money, and the severity of the times, the Proprietor of the SENTINEL has determ ned to reduce the terms of the paper, to commence after the 31st. DECEMBER, next, and to make such improvements in its general character as will commend it to the patronage of an enlightened public.

In POLITICS it will be thoroughly Conservative, advocating, at all times:

A strict observance of the Constitution of the United States, and the harmonious Union of equal States;

Obedience to law and the enforcement of order;

The supremacy of the civil over the military, in time of peace;

The equality of the three co ordinate branches of the government;

The sovereignty of the States over their own internal affairs, in strict conformity to the Constitution;

The maintenance of freedom and justice to all, without distinction of color, but the supremacy of the white race as the governing class;

Opposition to Radicalism in all its phases.

As a NEWS journal, it shall be equal to any.—

The principal markets will be regularly published.

Its LITERARY character shall be maintained and improved, by contributions from our best writers.

Finally, the SENTINEL will seek to be the special promoter of the educational, moral and economical interests of the people of North Carolina.

Terms:

Daily Sentinel, for one year	$8 00
" " six months	4 00
" " three months	2 00
Semi-Weekly Sentinel, for one year	4 00
" " six months	2 00
" " three months	1 00
Weekly " for one year,	2 00
" " six months,	1 00

All subscriptions strictly cash in advance

As an advertising medium, the SENTINEL is equal to any in the State. Terms moderate.

☞ We ask every Conservative in the State to become our Agent to extend the circulation of the SENTINEL. The events of 1868 will be exciting and important. The WEEKLY SENTINEL should be in the hands of the great body of the people—The terms are now so low that every one will be able to pay for it.

W. E. PELL,

Raleigh, Dec. 28th, 1868. Proprietor

BALTIMORE ADVERTISENTS.

POOLE & HUNT,

Baltimore,

MANUFACTURERS OF

PORTABLE AND STATIONARY

Steam Engines and Boilers,

STEAM FIRE ENGINES,

LEFFEL'S PATENT AMERICAN DOUBLE TURBINE WATER-WHEEL, SAW MILLS, MINING MACHINERY, PORTABLE GRIST MILLS,

ROBERTS' BURR REGULATOR,

Flouring Mill Machinery, Shafting, Pulleys and Hangers.

mar 29-198

COLLINS & HEATH,

73 LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE, Md.

"OLD MARYLAND" WORKS.

Plumbing,	Mount Vernon Cook Stove,
Sheet Lead,	Patapsco Cook,
Lead Pipe,	Roger Williams, Universe Cook,
Iron Pipe,	Beebe Range,
Terra Cotta Pipe,	Magee Parlor Range,
Brass Cocks,	Magee Range,
Plated Cocks,	Spence Range,
Iron, Lead and Zinc Bath Tubs,	Emerald Range
Tin Bath Tubs with Heaters,	Hayward, Bartlett & Co's Portable Furnaces,
Water Closets,	Magee Furnaces, Portable and Brick,
Iron and China Basins,	Parker, Church and Stoves in great variety.
Hydrants,	All the different styles of Grates,
Pumps,	High Up and Low Down Portable Grates, &c.,
Rams, Fountains,	
Water Wheels:	
Garden Vases,	
Water Coolers,	
Refrigerators, &c.	

Which will be sold as low as can be had in the city.

April 8-206-1y

FAMILY FLOUR!

A SUPERIOR QUALITY JUST IN AND FOR sale by

Jan 21-179-1w LYNN ADAMS

Important Order from Gen. Canby.

HEADQ'RS 2D MILITARY DISTRICT, CHARLESTON, S. C., Dec. 31, 1867.

General Orders No. 105.

I. Paragraph II of General Orders No. 10, from the Headquarters of the Second Military District, dated April 11, 1867, is modified as follows:

SUITS FOR DEBTS.

Judgments or decrees for the payment of money on causes of action arising in North Carolina between the 20th of May, 1861, and the 20th day of April, 1865, and in South Carolina between the 19th day of December, 1860, and the 20th day of April 1865, shall not be enforced, by execution, against the person or property of the defendant. Proceedings for such causes of action now pending, shall be stayed, and no suit or proceeding shall be instituted or continued on such causes of action until after the civil governments of the respective States shall be constituted in accordance with the laws of the United States.

Paragraph III of the same order is modified as follows:

EXECUTIONS.

Sheriffs, coroners and constables are hereby directed to suspend the sale of all property upon execution, or process under any judgment or decree of a court of the so-called Confederate States, or of the State of North Carolina, rendered between the 20th day of May, 1861, and the organization of the provisional government of said State, under the President's proclamation of the 29th day of April, 1865, or of the State of South Carolina, rendered between the 19th day of December 1860, and the organization of the provisional government of the said State, under the President's proclamation of the 30th day of June, 1865, unless the written consent of the defendant be entered of record, and except in cases where the plaintiff or his attorney, upon oath, supported by corroborative testimony, shall allege that the defendant is disposing of, removing, or about to remove, his property beyond the jurisdiction of the court, with intent to defraud his creditors; *provided*, that no such judgment, surrendered, within the periods aforesaid, shall be a bar to the commencement, in a State court, of a new suit upon the same cause of action in any case in which, by law, the defendant may remove or appeal the same to a court of the United States.

FORECLOSURE OF MORTGAGE.

The sale of real or personal property by foreclosure of mortgage, is likewise suspended in the cases embraced in paragraphs II and III, of said order No. 10 as above amended, except in cases where interest money accruing subsequent to the 20th of April, 1865, shall not have been paid before the day of sale, and all previous restrictions on such sales are revoked.

Paragraph IV of the same order is modified by substituting the 20th day of April, 1865, for the 18th day of May, 1865.

Paragraph V of the same order is modified as follows:

SUITS ON NEGRO DEBTS.

All proceedings for the recovery of money, on contracts, whether under seal or by parol, the consideration of which was the purchase of slaves, made subsequent to the 1st. day of January, 1866, are suspended. Judgments or decrees entered for such causes of action shall not be enforced.

Paragraph VII of the same order is modified as follows:

HOMESTEADS.

In all sales of property under execution or by order of any Court, there shall be reserved out of the property of any defendant who has a family dependent upon his or her labor, a dwelling house and appurtenances, and (if in the country) twenty acres of land, or so much thereof that the whole shall not exceed in value the sum of two thousand dollars, and in a town or city, the immediate lot upon which such dwelling house is situated; and necessary articles of furniture, apparel, subsistence and implements of husbandry, trade, or other employment, to the value of five hundred dollars. The homestead exemption shall inure only to the benefit of families. In other cases the exemption shall extend only to clothing and implements of trade or employment usually followed by the defendant, of the value of five hundred dollars. The exemptions herein made shall not be waived or defeated by the act of any defendant who has a family dependent upon him or her for support, and the property so exempted shall be ascertained and delivered by the Sheriff or other officer enforcing the execution, who shall call to his aid two impartial citizens to make the necessary appraisement, and shall make report thereof to the Court.

ARREST FOR FRAUDULENT DEBTS.

Paragraph X is hereby modified so as to authorize arrest in civil actions *or contracts* only in cases where the demand is past due, and the defendant has been guilty of a fraud in contracting the debt sued for, or has removed or disposed of his property, or is about to do so, with intent to defraud his creditors, or is about to leave the State with such intent.

EXECUTORS AND TRUSTEES.

Paragraph XVI, is amended by adding thereto: All proceedings in any court of North Carolina, or South Carolina, recognizing or sanctioning the investment of the funds of minor heirs, or of females, or of insane persons, in the securities of the late rebel government, or the securities of the States of North Carolina or South Carolina, created for the purpose of carrying on war against the Government of the United States, will be suspended until the question of the validity of such investments shall have been determined by the courts of the United States, or by national legislation. And nothing in the provisions of this order, or of the order No. 10 above cited, shall be held to bar or hinder the recovery, by suit, of the estate of any minor heir, female or insane person, (*cestui que trust*), whether in the hands of executors, administrators, trustees, guardians, masters or clerks of equity courts, and other fiduciary agents or invested by them in their fiduciary character.

DISTILLERIES.

II. General Order 25, of May 20, 1867, is revoked; and on and after the first day of January, 1868, the distillation of spirituous liquors in this Military District will be subject to such restrictions only as are imposed by the laws of the United States and of the States of North and South Carolina, respectively.

BAR ROOMS.

III. Paragraphs VI and VII of General Order No. 32, dated May 30, 1867, are revoked, and the power to grant licenses for the sale of spirituous or intoxicating liquors is remitted to the proper local authorities, to take effect on and after the 1st. day of January, 1868, and to be subject to the following conditions:

1. The municipal authorities granting the license shall be answerable that the parties to whom such licenses are granted, together with their sureties shall be responsible persons and of good moral standing in the community, and that both principal and sureties shall be able to qualify individually in double the amount of the bond required, and that the bond shall be a lien upon the personal property of both principal and sureties, and upon proof of default shall warrant the summary seizure and sale of so much of the property of either or both as may be necessary to satisfy the forfeiture or fine and costs.

2. Drunkenness or disorderly conduct on the premises shall work the forfeiture of the license and of the penalty of the bond.

3. The owner or keeper of any barroom, saloon or other place at which intoxicating liquors are sold, and all other persons interested or connected therewith, shall be regarded as principals in any action of damages growing out of any assault, riot, affray or other disorder occurring on the premises, or directly traceable thereto.

4. All bar rooms, saloons or other places at which intoxicating liquors are sold, shall be closed on the day or days of any general or local election, and for the twelve hours next preceding the opening and next succeeding the closing of the polls at such election; and the sheriffs of counties and districts and the chief of police of cities and towns shall have power to direct the closing of bar-rooms and other places for the sale of intoxicating liquors, whenever it may be necessary in their judgment to preserve order and quiet.

5. The proceeds of all licenses, forfeitures and fines, under the local regulations or under the provisions of military orders, will be devoted to the support of the poor, and as soon as realized will be turned over to the Commissioners or Overseers of the poor of the District County, City or Town in which they are accrued, and the Commissioners or Overseers will at the end of each month report to the Provost Marshal-General of the District the amount received by them during the month specifying the name of the parties from whom it was received.

6. The penalties imposed by this order or by the local police regulations, may be enforced in any civil or military Court, and upon conviction the Court may award to the informer a sum not exceeding fifty per cent. of the forfeiture or fine. And it is made the duty of all Sheriffs, Constables, and Coroners of Counties and Districts, and the police of cities and towns, to be vigilant in the enforcement of the police regulations and the provisions of this order in relation to the sale of intoxicating liquors.

The provisions of this paragraph will be held to apply to such licenses granted under General Orders No. 32 to inn-keepers, as remain unexpired at the first of January, 1868.

DISTRICT COURTS.

IV. To promote the speedy trial of prisoners confined for minor offences, and diminish the cost of their maintenance, all committing magistrates will, on the 10th, and last days of each month, report to the judge of their county or District Court all commitments made by them during the preceding half month, specifying the date of commitments, the names of the prisoners, and the offences for which they were committed, to the end that the judges may, whenever in their opinion the number of prisoners or other considerations of public interest call for it, hold special terms of their courts, for the purpose disposing of such cases. The additional expense of holding such special terms will be a charge upon the State Treasury, and the accounts therefor will be audited and paid as accounts of a similar character are now audited and paid, and if the salaries now paid the judges should be inadequate in view of the additional labor performed by them, a reasonable addition, upon proper representations through the Governor of the State, will be allowed.

PILOTAGE.

V. The pilotage regulations now existing in the States of North and South Carolina are so far modified that, on and after the first day of March, 1868, all passenger steam vessels, regulated by the laws of the United States, and carrying a pilot, commissioned by United States Commissioners, shall be exempt from the compulsory payment of pilotage.

NORTH CAROLINA POLL TAX.

VI. So much of the act of the General Assembly of the State of North Carolina, entitled "An act to raise monies," ratified on the 26th day of February, 1867, as makes it "the duty of all persons and corporations to list and pay the [poll] tax of each person liable to the same, as are in their employment, on the 1st. day of April of each year, as laborers," is rescinded, and hereafter all individual taxes will be assessed directly upon and collected directly from the individuals from whom they are due: *provided*, that the provisions of this order shall not apply to the taxes levied for the current year, except that double poll tax shall not be enforced if the original tax be paid on or before the 1st. day of March, 1868.

By command of Brevet Major General Ed. R. S. CANBY:

LOUIS V. CAZIARC,
Aid-de-Camp, Act'g Ass't Adj't Gen'l.

OFFICIAL: LOUIS V. CAZIARC A. D. C. A. A. G.

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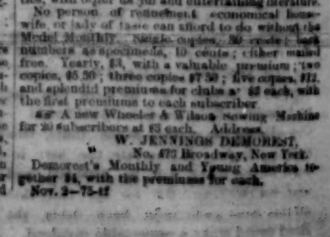

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